

The **Dutch-Belgian** Team, Probing the Crash of a **Dutch Military** C-130 Hercules Plane Which Killed 32 oldiers, Said the Plane Did not Carry a Black Box



U.S. Officials Yesterday Said President Clinton Bowed to World Pressure and Postponed the Introduction of the **Helms-Burton** Law



A leading Urdu daily in Paki-

stan, Nawa-e-Waqt, also snubbed

the U.S. and said Washington

"wants to broker 'Oslo-style dia-

logue' which is not acceptable to

Oslo, capital of Norway, is fa-

mous for its two-nation and mul-

tinational critical parleys. One

such significant secret parley was

started between Israel and the Palestinian Liberation Organization

(PLO) in 1991, and led to the 1993 Oslo agreement. The agreement was signed in Washington for Pal-

estinian self-rule in the Gaza Strip

U.S. President Bill Clinton has

urged Islamabad and New Delhi

to hold talks on the thorny Kash-

mir issue and has expressed Wash-

ington's readiness to facilitate

of negotiation," the Urdu daily

said in its editorial Tuesday.

"No, we don't accept that type

According to another develop-

ment, U.S. Ambassador to India,

Frank Wisner, is currently on a

visit to Pakistan and has discussed

the Kashmir issue with Pakistani

Wednesday July 17, 1996, Tir 27, 1375, Safar 30, 1417

lslamabad.*

and West Bank.

such talks.





Ireland to Help Iran-EU Rapprochement

TRAN NEWS POLITICAL DESK

TEHRAN - President Hojjatoleslam Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani here yesterday met the visiting Irish Senate Chairman Liam Naughten.

Naughten is heading an Irish parliamentary delegation to Iran. He said that his negotiations with Iranian legislative officials would help develop bilateral interparliamentary relations.

He referred to the trade exchange volume between Iran and Ireland in the field of protein, hoping that the economic cooperation level between Tehran and Dublin would be enhanced to cover the technological and industrial sectors too.

President Rafsanjani said that

promotion of parliamentary cooperation as well as exchange of views between Iran and Ireland would lead to increased familiarity with each other.

He expressed pleasure with the current trade relations with Ireland and hoped for promotion of bilateral relations, IRNA re-

India Offers Pakistan No-War Pact, Pakistan Says No Oslo Style Talks

IRAN NEWS POLITICAL DESK TEHRAN - India has offered a "no-war pact" to Pakistan, while Islamabad has rejected the U.S. offer of an "Oslo-style" dialogue with New Delhi, according to reports reaching here from the sub-

Prime Minister Benazir

Bhutto, addressing a press conference this week, said Pakistan *rejects an Oslo type of dialogue." Benazir, however, told the

NEWS ANALYSIS

press in Pakistan's historical city Lahore that her government "advocates third party mediation.

Bahrain Says It Will Not Give up Disputed Territory

MANAMA, BAHRAIN (AP) -Bahrain's crown prince said Monday his country was prepared to fight to death to defend territory that also is claimed by neighboring Oatar.

"The Hawar islands are part of Bahrain and we will not allow this fact to be lost under the cover of border claims and disputes," said Sheik Hamad bin Isa al-Khalifa.

"We are ready at any time to prove it with facts, defend it and die for its sake," he said during a meeting of high-ranking defense officials, the official (Persian) Gulf News agency reported. Sheik Hamad termed the Qatari

claims on the islands 'expansionism which does not have any · The crown prince's comments

came a day after the Emir of Qatar, Sheik Hamad bin Khalifa, visited Saudi Arabia to discuss the dis-

Giant Saudi Arabia neighbors

Clinton Delays Lawsuits Against Foreign Companies in Cuba

WASHINGTON, U.S.A. (AFP) -President Bill Clinton, seeking to avoid a row with Washington's trade partners, yesterday delayed a measure that allows Americans to sue foreign companies that invest in property seized in Cuba,

officials said. Clinton decided to postpone for six months the ability of U.S. nationals and companies to go to court under a key provision of the Helms-Burton Law aimed at punishing foreign companies that do business in Cuba.

But he did not waive the socalled Title III provision in what

Telex: 215087

was seen as an attempt to reconcile conflicting demands by U.S. trading allies who wanted the statute suspended and Cuban American voters who demanded its implementation.

The decision meant that Title III will go into effect on August 1 as outlined in the law but U.S. nationals and companies will not be allowed to head to the courts before February.

"The law goes into effect and the claims have a legal standing but you cannot pursue them in court for six months," an official See Page 13

Lahore-based English daily, The Nation, reported the visit of the U.S. envoy saying: "There is,



1st Int'l Festival of Young Cinema



American Stabbed in Cairo



Velayati on Middle East, EU Critical Dialogue

🕏 IRAN NEWS POLITICAL DESK ... TEHRAN - What follows is the text of Abrar Persian daily's interview with Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati.

ABRAR: Would you kindly elaborate on the Third OIC Ministerial Meeting on Post and Telecommunications. VELAYATI: Our relations

with the Organization of the Islamic Conference (OIC) are good and developing. Over the past years, several OIC meetings have been held in Iran, one of which is the recent Ministerial Meeting on Post and Telecommunications. From the time when the sixth OIC summit meeting was held in Senegal with the participation of President Rafsanjani, Iran proposed to host the summit meeting. This proposal was approved there and then. The seventh summit meeting was slated to be held in Morocco and the eighth in Tehran, in Azar 1376. This indicates the Islamic Republic of Iran's resolve to further cooperate with the OIC. As with the U.N. or the Non-Aligned Movement, the OIC might not always pursue favorable and ideal stances. If an organization has 52 members, the demand



that its policies be compatible with what we say and want might be

ideal and favorable, but is surely impractical, since there are other countries that have their own demands. We should muster efforts to further direct these international organizations toward our approved objectives. This is actually our approach toward the international forums. We are members of around 400 small and large international forums. As I pointed out, this is the natural demand of the system. Without membership in these international forums, presence in the international scenes will be meaningless.

See Page 13

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Managing Director: MOHAMMAD SOLTANIFAR

Editorial Dept. Tel: (0098-21) 8880231-2, 878-6477 **Telex: 216955 INNS IR** ISSN 1024-6053 Fax: (0098-21) 878 6475 Public Relations Tel/Fax: 878 6475 ElectronicAccess Tel: (0098-21) 878 9784 P.O. Box: 15115-658 No. 41, Lida St. Vali-e Asr Ave, North of Vanak Sq. Tehran

Islamic Republic of Iran

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EDITORIAL

Let Erbakan Set His House in Order

The Turkish media recently reported that in a retali-A citory move Iranian forces crossed the border into Turkish territory and killed eight people and injured a few

It is also reported that the Iranian Ambassador to Ankara was summoned to the Turkish Foreign Ministry to receive an official protest in this connection.

Iranian officials have so far made no comment on the

Irano-Turkish relations are going through a sensitive phase and both countries must watch out for the evil designs of enemies who have been trying to create a serious rift between the two neighboring Muslim nations

Iran's Deputy Foreign Minister Allaeddin Boroujerdi is due to fly to Ankara tonight carrying a message from President Akbar Hashenmi Rafsanjani for President Suleyman Demiral and Prime Minister Necmettin Erbakan.

There are two Turkish factions which have been, and still are, trying to set the two neighbors against each

One faction, within the Turkish armed forces, embarked on an irresponsible military compaign and raided Iranian villages killing several civilians.

Another faction, which has systematically and repeatedly tried to create ethnic tension between Tehran and Ankara is the strong Jewish lobby in Turkey.

Fortunately Necmettin Erbakan, the new prime minister, seems ready to assume friendly relations with Iran. It is no secret that Erbakan wants to establish a regional Islamic front for a broader multinational cooperation

Both Iran and Turkey should take extra care not toprovide an opportunity for the Washington-Tel Aviv con lition to meddle into their affairs through their local agents and cronies.

Ironian officials must do all that is necessary to safeguard our national interests, protect our citizens, and preserve our national pride. But, at the same time, we must make allowances for the new Turkish government to fully establish itself and take control of that country's affairs by trying to minimize any tension between Tehran and Ankara. See Page 13 Tehran-Dublin Relations Discussed



Naughten (L) meeting with Nateq-Nouri (R)

IRAN NEWS POLITICAL DESK TEHRAN - The visiting Chairman of Irish Senate, Liam Naughten held talks yesterday with the Speaker of Majlis, Hojjatoleslam Ali Akbar Nateq-Nouri.

Nateq-Nouri, referring to great commonalties shared by the two countries, underlined expansion of bilateral political, economic and cultural ties, in their meeting.

In addition, according to IRNA reports, Nateq-Nouri expressed his wishes that during Ireland's presidency of the European Union, bilateral ties as well as Iran-Europe relations would further expand. Ireland-shall be in the position to play an active role to clearly explain Iran's aspirations and goalsto the EU.

In reply, the Irish Senate

President's Message Submitted to Ugandan Counterpart

IRAN NEWS NATIONAL DESK TEHRAN - On a tour to African nations, Deputy Foreign Minister Morteza Sarmadi delivered a written message from President Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani to President Yoweri Kaguta Museveni of Uganda in Kampala, on Monday.

Museveni thanked the Iranian President for his message and said Velayati's visit to Kampala in April 1994 was a major step in expansion of bilateral relati cording to IRNA reports.

In this meeting, the two sides

also called for establishment of an air link between the two nations.

Noting the success, the exhibition of Iranian products had gained in Kampala, Museveni was strongly in favor of other such projects and further bilateral coopera-

Meanwhile, in another meeting with Ugandan Prime Minister Kintumusuke, Sarmadi discussed bolstering of bilateral cooperation and coordination at international coo-

Social Security Vital for National Development

IRAN NEWS NATIONAL DESK TEHRAN - Commemorating the occasion of the "Social-Security Week", on Monday, the Minister of Health Alireza Marandi said that social security is in the interest of the government, and that it will directly influence the development and reconstruction process of the country.

Referring to the health services rendered to one-third of the people by the Social Insurance Organiza-

IRAN NEWS NATIONAL DESK

TEHRAN - Over the three months

prior to May 21, Iranian police

seized more than 22 tons of various

drugs, according to an account of

Police Chief Reza Seifollahi yes-

agency IRNA that the seizure in

comparison with those confiscated

during the first three months of the

Seifollahi told the official news

tioo he pointed out that the organization has played an important role in the country's health sys-

tem, according to IRNA. In order to improve the financial standing of the Social Insurance Organization, the government and Majlis have shown a great deal of sensitivity towards this organization in the recent years, by entrusting profitable projects and plants to the or-

ganization. Over 22 Tons of Drugs Seized in Iran

last Iranian year (started in March) increased by 20 percent.

He said 1,743 major drug traffickers, around 6,800 small-time distributors and over 18,000 drug addicts had been arrested over the same period.

Iran is a transit route for drugs coming from its eastern neighbors, Pakistan and Afghanistan destined for Europe.



Velayati (L) shakes hands with Naughten

speaker, underlined expansion of overall ties with the Islamic Republic of Iran and expressed hope that during the presidency of his country in the European Union, Ireland could clarify facts about Iran for other members of the un-

The reciprocal parliamentary visits could act as an effective factor in removing misunderstandings, he noted, and such visits could bring the two countries' viewpoints, closer, IRNA reported.

The promotion of parliamentary relations between the two countries and formation of bilateral parliamentary groups, are necessary steps, he stated, and expressed hopes that mutual parliamentary ties would further broaden io the future.

Later yesterday, the Irish parliamentary delegation visited the mausoleum of the late Imam Khomeini and laid a wreath of flower at the tomb of the founder

of Islamic Republic of Iran.

Naughten also met with Foreign Minister Dr. Ali Akbar Velavati vesterday and discussed promotion of bilateral bes, regional and international developments and ways to expand fran-EU

The Irish official, underlining Tehran-Dublin trade ties and cooperation, called for further promotion of these ties. He said it was important for Ireland to find access to the markets of Central Asia and the Caucasus via the Islamic Republic of Iran.

Ireland is now the rotating president of the EU and in view of this fact, the Irish senator expressed hope that cooperation between Iran and EU would expand during this period.

Velayati said the holding of the Third Economic Commission session would lay the foundation for further promotion of economic relations between the private and

See Page 13.

Pakistan Parliamentary Speaker Arrives Today

IRAN NEWS NATIONAL DESK TEHRAN - Pakistan's National Assembly Speaker, Seyed Yousuf Raza Gilani, arrived here today at the head of a parliamentary delegation invited by Majlis Speaker Ali Akbar Nateq-Nouri.

During his five day visit in Iran. Gilani will meet with both President Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani and Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati to discuss matters of mutual interest, according to a fax from the Pakistan Embassy in Te-

Gilani aims to promote cooperation between the parliaments of the two countries, the embassy

The Pakistani parliamentary delegation also plans to visit Mashhad to pay homage to Hazrat Imam Reza (A.S.), and the culturally famous historical city of Isfahan, the

Relations have traditionally been close between Iran and Pakistan, with shared views on a range of bilateral, regional and interna-

tional issues, the fax stated. The frequent official cootact between . the two countries was a reflection of the level of importance they attach to each other.

Cultural Ties with Hungary Reviewed

IRAN NEWS NATIONAL DESK TEHRAN - Iranian Ambassador to Hungary, Abdul Reza Faraji cooferred with that country's Minister of Culture and Education Magar Balnit in Budapest Suoday to discuss issues of bilateral interest.

Among topics discussed were conditions of Iranian college students studying in Hungary, boostng mutu: ies at the university level, holo. .g a cultural exhibition and film festival in Budapest by

Also it was agreed that cultural relations between the two countries must be restored.



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KING HASSAN

IRAN NEWS POLITICAL DESK TEHRAN - President Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani sent a messafe to King Hassan the second king of Morocco Monday, in rosponse to a missive from the mon-

Foreign Ministry adviser Mohammad Kazem Khansari delivered the written message to the King during his visit to Morocco.

Khansari, who is also the head of Middle Eastern and North African Department of Foreign Ministry, discussed with the king the expansion of mutual cooperation.

King Hassan, who presently heads ECO, had sent his "warm greetings to Rafsanjani."

Muscat Statement Indicates New Chapter of Understanding with Iran

IRAN NEWS POLITICAL DESK

TEHRAN - The tone of statement of the foreign ministers of the eight Arab states grouped in Damascus treaty has opened a new chapter in the Arabs' firm stand against Israel, and understanding with Iran. Syrian Ambassador to Tehran Ahmad al-Hassan said here yesterday.

Al-Hassan said the tone of the statement towards Iran was modest and promising, unlike the previous

Speaking to IRNA, Al-Hassan said the foreign ministers of eight Arab states in their latest meeting in Muscat have emphasized the Syrian stand towards Israel and the need for Tel Aviv to abide by the U.N. resolutions and the land-for-



AL-HASSAN

peace principle. The ambassador said, "now, an appropriate situation has appeared to remove the misunderstandings hetween Iran and certain Arab countries, I hope that a new chapter will open between Tehran and capitals of other

Arab states".

Al-Hassan said Syria is interested in helping build good relations between Iran on the one side and Egypt, Saudi Arabia and the Persian Gulf littoral states on the other, according to IRNA. He said the Zionist regime's officials were pursuing the "divide and rule" policy. They have endeavored to sow discord among Arab states, on one hand and the Islamic states on the other, in an effort to deepen the current misunderstandings between them.

He said the Zionist regime is dissatisfied with the tone of the Muscat statement, because they are against friendly relations between Tehran and Arab states.

PRAYER TIMES

The 30th part of the Holy Quran is obtainable in exquisite book

LET'S MEMORIZE THE QURAN

SURA 67, THE KINGDOM (AL-MULK)

In the Name of God

The Beneficent, the Merciful

11. They thus confess their sins, and yet,

Although unseen, there is indeed,

Forgiveness and a great reward.

from: RANA Publication Tel. 885 4844-5

Woe to the Blazing inmates!

12. For those who fear their Lord,

Noon (Zohr) Evening (Maghreb) Tomnrrow's Dawn (Fair) Lomorrow's Sunrise

20:42 04:07

Iran Ranks 9th at

Maleki Meets Sudan's Speaker & Foreign Minister

IRAN NEWS POLITICAL DESK

TEHRAN - Promotion of Tehran-Khartoum ties, were reviewed in a meeting between Iran's visiting Deputy Foreign Minister for Educational and Research Affairs, Abbas Maleki, in Khartoum, yesterday and the Speaker of the Sudanese National Assembly, Hassan At-Turabi. Topics discussed, ranged from the latest developments of the world of Islam to other areas of mutual interest, according to IRNA reports.

In an effort to confroot the coospiracies of other unfriendly nations, At-Turabi commented on the difficulties faced by Muslim nations and called for the unity and consolidation of ranks of Muslims throughout the world.

He further added that the Islamic Republic of Iran is the vanguard of the Islamic movement. Referring to Iran's cooperation in different economic, political and cultural fields with Muslim nations, Maleki commented on Tehran's readiness to expand ties with Khartoum.

Maleki, in a meeting in Khartoum, with Sudanese Minister of Foreign Affairs Ali Uthman Muhammad Taha, discussed issues of mutual interest, on Monday.

Iranian Ambassador to Sudan Mahdi Marvi, who was also present at the meeting, discussed topics related to the two sides' bilateral, cultural and economic cooperatioo.

The Sudanese minister thanked

the Islamic Republic for training the Sudanese diplomats. He expressed hope that bilateral cooperation in other areas will also be expanded, according to IRNA re-

An agreement for holding an exhibition of Sudanese products in Tehran, was reached in order to familiarize the Iranian public with Sudan's capabilities and attract foreign investments.

Maleki visited the Center for Training of Diplomats at Sudan's Foreign Ministry, on Monday and exchanged views with the officials of the center.

Other issues discussed with the Sudanese Foreign Ministry officials, was a development of fur-See Page 13

Alireza Salehi, Seyed Reza Moqaddasi, Ruhoullah Ebrahimian

International Math Olympiad and Morteza Foutuhi won silver medals and Hadi Salmasian won the bronze medal.

> The Romanian team took first place at the Math Olympiad, IRNA reported.

The Iranian team ranked ninth among 426 students from 75 states contesting the Olympiad, it was

announced here yesterday. lman Eftekhari won gold,

IRAN NEWS NATIONAL DESK

TEHRAN - Iranian students par-

ticipating in the 37th International

Mathematics Olympiad held in

New Delhi, India, won one gold,

four silver and one bronze medals.

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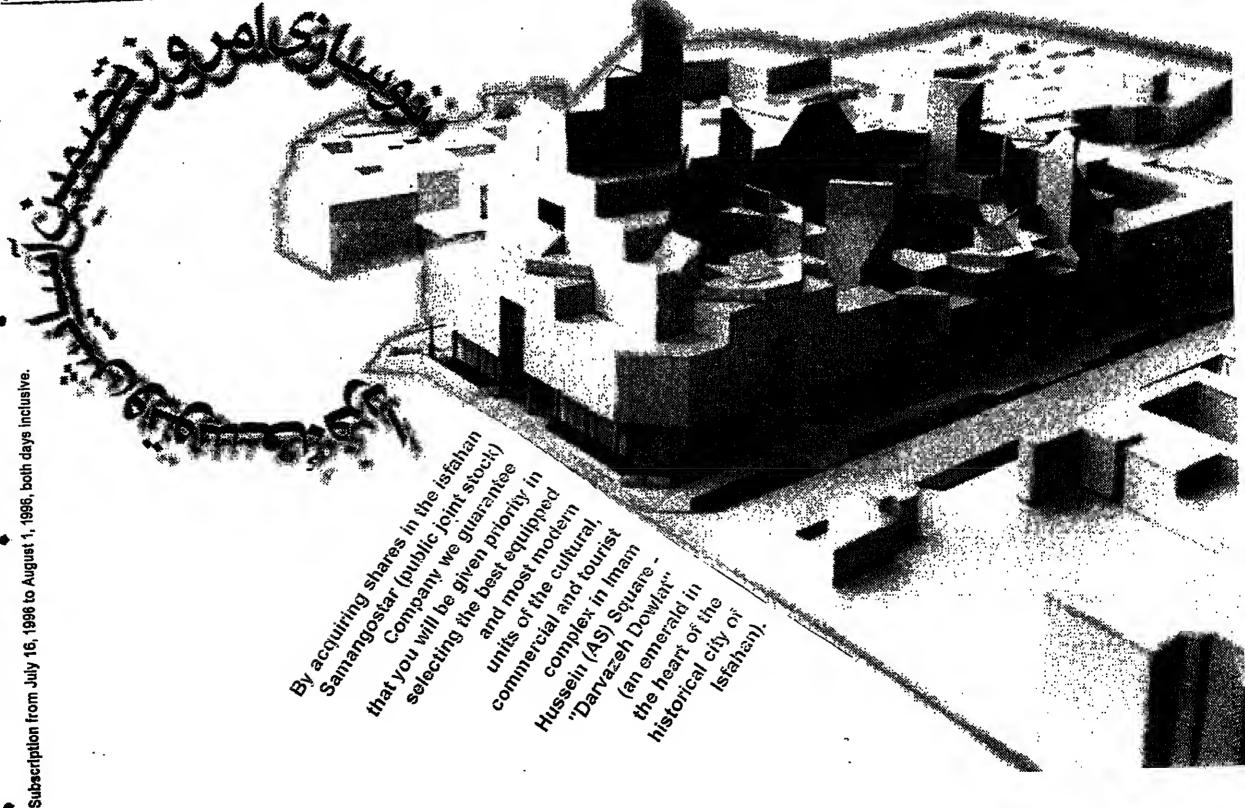
children + adult programs

Parliamentar Arrives Today

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Oil Projects Transfer to the Cooperatives

IRAN NEWS NATIONAL DESK TEHRAN - Cooperatives Minister Gholamreza Shafe'i announced that his ministry would buy the Oil Industry Research Center's lowinvestment projects and transfer them to industrial and semi-industrial cooperatives.

Shafe'i, during a visit to the center, said the ministry had allocated a budget to the cooperatives to execute projects which may not be economical.

Seyed Ali Beheshtian, the di-

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CBI Governor Says Food Prices Down



NOURBAKHSH

IRAN NEWS ECONOMIC DESK TEHRAN - The governor of the

Central Bank yesterday said consumer goods prices had fallen in urban areas in the month ending May 20, and the downward trend had continued.

had helped improve the regulation of the market. Noorhakhsh said wholesale

rector of the center, said that de-

spite the massive oil resources in

Iran, investment in related indus-

have been compiled, he said, and

due to their priority, the center was

studying them for production by

to produce most petroleum-based

oils in the center. It currently pro-

duces anti-spark oil, hydraulic oil

The Governor, Dr. Noor-

bakhsh, said at a Market Regula-

tion HO meeting that prices had

also fallen in the following month.

said government market regula-

tion policies and people's trust in

the supply of staple commodities

bad established calm in the mar-

He said the reality of demand

Commerce Minister Al-Es'haq

engine

Beheshtian said it was possible

Petrochemical import figures

tries was very valuable.

the center.

prices for food items fell 2.5%; farm and livestock products 3.9%; and mineral fuels 1% in the mooth ended June 21. The growth rate of the wholesale price index had fallen from 2.2.% to 1% in the same month.

\$20m Worth of Goods to Be Swapped on Border Markets

URMIA, WEST AZARBAIJAN PROVINCE (IRNA) - Some \$20 million worth of various commodities are expected to be exchanged on border markets of this northwestern province during the current year (started March 20, 1996), said a local official vester-

According to Planning Director at the Office of the provincial Governor-general, Nader Safar Zadeh, due to new commercial regulations, the border markets on Iranian border lines with Turkey and Nakhichevan have become ac-

He estimated that by the end of the current year, goods with an overall value of five million dollars will be exchanged on each of those markets.

He explained that main Iranian

products exported through the frontier markets are fresh fruits and vegetables, dried fruits and manufactured goods, while the major goods imported via the same routes consist of construction materials and raw materials needed by manufacturing units

He described border markets as the best and most appropriate way of providing raw materials for Iranian factories.

The frontier markets, which were closed down two years ago due to certaio customs regulations, have become actively operational towards the end of the last year (ended March 19, 1996).

At present, there are three active markets on Iranian border with Turkey and one oo frootier

Genetics Lab Opened



IRAN NEWS ECONOMIC DESK TEHRAN - President Akhar Hashemi Rafsanjani opened the first unique and fully equipped

genetics laboratory here yesterday.

The allocated budget to the Geoetic Studies Center in University of Welfare Sciences is 500 million

Expressing appreciations over the Welfare Organization's efforts the President cited: "God will be content with those whose efforts

are aimed at alleviating the grievances of others.

He stressed that modern technology attaches more significance to the disease-prevention issue. Negligence in this regard, he added, is considered to be oppressive against man-kind.

The media must instruct newly-weds to seek pre-marital consultations in order to be able to prevent physical and mental disabilities in their prospective children, he emphasized.

The center must seek the assistance of Iranian scholars and scientists residiog abroad, he added.

Attaching significance to the social security plan the President said social security pays for even the highly costly medical treat-

He reiterated the fact that more women should be recruited by the health and medical treatment sec-

Ciller Denies Plans to Introduce Tax on Bank Interests

ANKARA (AFP) - Deputy Prime Minister Tansu Ciller yesterday denied remarks by the country's finance minister that Turkey's pro-Islamic-led coalition government · planned to introduce taxes on bank

"There will be no government intervention in the free market economy ... there will be no intervention in bank interests," Ciller, also foreign minister, told reporters after a meeting of economic affairs ministers.

Ciller's remarks were a denial of a statement by Finance Minister Abdullatif Sener, from the pro-lslamic Welfare Party, who said at the weekend that the government

rates and introduce taxes on interests.

The statement led to a controversy in the country's financial markets and the index of the Istanbul Stock Exchange dropped by 3.5 percent while the dollar rose against the lira by one percent Monday.

The Turkish press commented yesterday that Sener's statement on bank interests caused the first dispute between the two parties in the coalition led by Prime Minister Necmettin Erbakan. Erbakan forged the coalition deal with Ciller's conservative True Path Party on June 28.

The liberal Istanbul-based daily Hurriyet quoted True Path officials as saying Sener had made the controversial statement without their

Erbakan pledged his commitment to the rules of a free market economy in a moderate government program he presented in early

However, he then gave signs of

1,000-Megawatt Thermal Power Station to Go on Stream

TEHRAN (IRNA) - Some 1,000 megawatts of electricity will be added to the nationwide power output once the Gharb (West) Thermal Power Station goes on stream in Hamedan in the near future, reported the Persian daily Iran yesierday.

The construction of the power

supply the electricity needed in the western areas of the country, mainly operates with gas but uses

implementing populist policies by announcing an unexpected 50 percent salary raise for Turkey's two million civil workers last week This raise would put an additional \$1.5 billion burden on the government's budget this year, econo-

Non-Oil Goods Exported from Bonab in 3 Weeks BONAB, EAST AZARBALIAN

1,153 Tons of

PROVINCE (IRNA) - Some 1,153 tons of agricultural products, pickled hide and foodstuff, worth 2.3 billion rials, were exported from this northwestern city in the past three weeks.

The commodities were exported to Russia, Turkey and a number of European and Central Asian countries.

Export of the said goods brought the total of non-oil exports from Bonab to 2,868 tons, worth 5.683 billion rials, in four months.

Bonab is situated in the south of East Azarbaijan province, 120 km from the provincial capital of Tabriz.

Iranian **Company Opens** First Permanent Showroom in **Georgian City**

RASHT, GILAN (IRNA) - Gilan Madad Company of Iran opened its first permanent showroom today in the Georgian city of Kutaisi in or der to meet the various needs of the Georgian people.

A member of the board of directors of the local Chamber of Commerce here, Hadi Tizhosh Taban, said Sunday that the company founded by a group of traders from the Caspian province of Gilan, would expand its activities in the Republic of Georgia in the future.

He pointed out that according to the agreement the company would spending 50 percent of its profit for development of the public prayer place of Rasht and helping charity institutions in the provincial capital.

Head of Customs Office Baku

BAKU (IRNA) - Head of Iran's Customs Office Abdolhussein Vabaji arrived here Monday on a five-day official visit to the Republic of Azerbaijan.

During his stay. Vahaji is to review promotioo of Tehran-Baku customs relations with a oumber of Azeri officials including his Azeri counterpart Kamaleddio Haiderev.

It is expected that while in-

specting Customs Offices of Bileh Savar in the southern Azerbaijan Republic and Poldasht and Jolfa in the autocomous Republic of Nakhichevan, Vahaji will discuss improvement of customs cooperation between the two

Vahaji is to raise customs problems and their remedial actions with the Azeri customs officials.

Gold (ounce

150,000 Tons of Tires to Be **Produced This Year**



TEHRAN (IRNA) - Tire production capacity in the country will exceed 250,000 tons annually after all the tire producing projects go on stream by next Iranian year (March 21, 1997), reported the Persian daily Iran yesterday.

Director-General of the Chemical and Celluloid Industries of the Industries Ministry Mahmoud Edalatian said that tire manufacturing factories in the country produced 111,000 tons of various kinds of vehicle tires last year, up by 14 percent compared to the preceding year.

By putting into operation the projects, for expanding the Pars Tire Manufacturing Plant, with an annual capacity of 20,000 tons, the Yazd Tire Manufacturing Project and another project ir Ardebil, the production of tire is expected to total 150,000 cons during the current Iranian year. Therefore, an increase of 34 percent is expected compared

to last year. Once the tire manufacturing projects go on stream with full capacity, he said, it is anticipated that the production of tire for light and beavy vehicles exceed 250,000 tons which will be more than the domestic needs. The surplus will be exported, he told the paper.

By the end of the next Iranian year (March 20, 1998) and through becoming operational of plants producing primary materials for tire manufacturing such as carbon black, artificial rubber and zine oxide, about 70 percent of the materials needed for the industry will be produced domestically.

On production of bicycle tire, he said, the total output in the country stands at 12,000 tons annually.

station which has four 250-megawatt units started in 1990. The power station which will

Foreign Currency Rates

Currency and Gold Bullion Rates

LONDON (Reuter) - Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets July 16. (Tourist rates will differ from those quoted):

U.S.\$1.00 costs. 1.3718/28 Canadian dollar 1.4996/06 German marks 1.6842/52 Dutch guilders 1.2298/08 Swiss francs 30.89/93 Belgian france 5.0833/83 French francs 1525.8/7.3 Italian lire 110.60/70 Japanese yen 6.6820/20 Swedish crowns 6.4460/10 Norwegian crown 5.7815/65 Danish crowns 1.4165/85 Singapore dollars 0.7916/21 Australian dollars 7.7368/78 Hong Kong dollars U.S.\$1.5536/46 One sterling

U.S.\$384.30/384.80

enforced by transan specialists, esunit. When Engineer Nejapat was

piex--which is one ut the most imhalf the time they had esum

Since we wish to diurnally in-

crease our political and interna-

tional activities, our enhanced

activities in the international or-

gantzations will signify our

boosted international activities.

Today international overtures

bear more importance than five or

ten years back. The OIC Ministe-

rial Meeting on Post and Tele-

communications was successful

ABRAR: Some sources raised

questions about wby the repre-

sentative of Yasser Arafat's gov-

ernment was present at the OIC

Ministerial Meeting on Post and

Telecommunications. Your an-

swer to our first question creates

the interpretation that any confer-

ence which is convened should be

do you have in response to ques-

tions and doubts raised by that

VELAYATI: If we host an in-

ternational conference or forum,

we should admit all its members.

Among the countries whose rules

are illegitimate, reference can he

made to Israel which members a

number of international forums. If

we do not wish the Israeli repre-

sentative to take part in a confer-

invite the forum in which Israel is

a member to convene in Iran. If

ence in our country, we will not

coarticipated by all. What answer

small group?

and concluded very well.

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\$ \$ 500 at 1 at 1 at 2 at 1

we realize that convening the session of that organization and forum in Iran requires the presence of the representative of the Qodsoccupying regime, we will dispense with that invitation. But the representatives of the Palestinians represent a wing which adheres to Mr. Arafat. In the past it was called the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO). Now it bears another name. After Arafat signed the compromise deal in Oslo, the Islamic Republic of Iran did not close down the Palestinian Embassy in Tehran which is actually the embassy of the Arafat wing. Still Mr. Salah Zavavi is the amshassador of the complex which works with Mr. Arafat and is present in Tehran. The Islamic Republic of Iran treats him like an ambassador. Another point is that convening any international seminar or conference requires approval of the Council of Ministers. The holding of the OIC Ministe-

rial Meeting on Post and Tele-

communications was approved as

it is by the Council of Ministers.

Then the Ministry of Post, Tele-

formed of this approval. President

Hashemi Rafsanjani inaugurated

the meeting. This indicates that

the Islamic Republic of Iran de-

cided that the meeting be held in

straph, and Telephone was in-

Tehran. Following this decision, we could not have prevented some OIC members from arriving in Iran and taking part in this meeting due to personal tastes. We are a government. We are not a liberation movement. A government has international commitments which it undertakes within an approved framework. That part of the international commitments that is unacceptable in us is ignored and countered by us. In other words, if adherence to some international standards requires negation of lslamic values, we will not accept those standards. But the Islamic Republic of Iran did not come up with the decision that if the Palestinian representative takes part in the meeting he is representing Israel. What is this policy that we direct the people toward a point where they would have no alternative but to fully serve Israel? Given the highly perplexed rcgional conditions, if the situation is proceeding to the advantage of countries against compromise, we should strengthen this trend. What happened during the recent elections of the Qods occupying regime proves the veracity of the views of the president of the lslamic Republic of Iran who said the ignominious Oslo pact does not insure the interests of the Palestinians. Those in the Arafai wing who supported the Oslo pact have nothing to say in this regard right now. They have launched publicity inroads and criticism against the Qods occupying regime and its nature. Under such conditions, we should bolster the opposition with compromise and submission to humility in the re-

ABRAR: During the short period after coming to power, Netanyahu has adopted harsh stances. As you noted, this has bolstered the standpoints of the countries opposing compromise. How do you see the prospect of opposition with compromise? In other words, what measures will countries opposing compromise adopt to bolster this trend?

VELAYATI: We foresee an ambiguous future for the region. Nonetheless, stances of those seeking principle solutions in the region will be strengthened: in other words, those who believe that the rights of the Palestinians should be restored and the occupied lands should be liberated. Statements presently released by leaders of Arah compromising countries are more revolutionary than statements that we saw in the past five or six years. This is a change for the bener. In numerous meetings with the foreigners, the Westerners and others, we bad anticipated the present conditions some years hack. When they

The only beneficiaries of a tense Irano-Turkish relation

are Tel Aviv and Washington.

The Islamic Republic should do all to discourage U.S. and Israeli intrigues aimed at damaging the Irano-Turk-

Erbakan's position is not yet quite stable because of ish relations. the opposition of a certain faction of the armed forces and a group in that country's counter-intelligence community who believe themselves to be the guardians of the Turkish

The new prime minister is already facing mounting domestic pressure due to the ailing Turkish economy and the separatist movement of the Kurdish Workers' Party

Under these circumstances, Iran, following its own foreign policy principles which dictate the pursuit of national interests, should endeavor to accommodate the new Turkish prime minister, so that he can set his own house in order and begin to purge the country from elements which desire to harm Irano-Turkish relations.

asked why we opposed the comprimise process, we offered various reasons and predicted that " would ultimately lead nowhere. Now we see that it has practically failed to get anywhere. The minutes of our talks with Western officials and those of other countries are available at the Foreign Ministry. Virtually all our predictions came true. Today we should strive to strengthen the stance of countries that have relative inclinatinn in set up a united Muslim and Arab from in the region to combat the Qods occupying re-

gime and its supporters. ABRAR: Elfnris are being made to strengthen the stances of countries opposing compromise. Syrian Foreign Minister Farnuq al - Sharaa Saturday said extensive enniacts and negotiations are being held to enordinate the stances of the regional countries. On the other hand, we realize that Syria has over the past week mediated between Iran and Bahrain nn nne hand and Iran and Egypt on the other. Would Syria also mediate between other countries, say Iran and Saudi Arabia? How do you see the future of Iran-Egypt ties? What factors made Cairo changes its soft stances vis-a-vis Tehran?

VELAYATI: Damascus feels that the new Israeli regime intends to adopt more severe policies and has declared that it would not withdraw from the occupied lands. Syria, in order to stand against the unity of the Qods occupying regime and the U.S., has launched extensive efforts that we can understand. Many of these efforts are very good. Syria is mediating between Iran and other countries in order to reduce the tension among the Arab countries so as to specify who the real en-

emy is. ABRAR: Will Syria's mediation cover the case of Iran and Saudi Arabia? VELAYATI: Iran and Saudi Arabia do not experience any kind of tension. The relations might not be so cordial, but there is no tension either.

ABRAR: What are the differences between Syria's present role and the stances that it adopted a few months back along with the PGCC on the Iranian islands? These stances virtually fanned the

flames of tension. VELAYATI: In these sessions, Syria plays the role of balancing in favor of Iran-Arab relations. Of course, we do not care that several countries get together now and issue an unjust statement. Iran adopts its policy on the basis of Islamic and national interests. One of the policies is to avoid tension with the neighboring countries. If a powerful and strong country like Iran decides to avoid tension with its small neighbors, this policy would be more advantageous to the small neighbor than to Iran. Now if that small country does not wish to benefit from Iran's good will, it should know that Iran would not stand to loose.

ABRAR: Recently, the EU and the U.S. have had differences over ties with Iran. The EU stresses that the policy of critical dialogue with Iran will be successful. In recent days, the Italian Foreign Minister Lamberto Dini, in response to the objection of a counter revolutionary grouplet known as the National Conference of Iran has stressed that the EU's present policy will continue. He had also voiced optimism over the future of this policy. He, moreover, expressed hope that hilateral discussions would be fruitful. Is is really so? What is your view on the policy of EU-Iran critical dialogsues?

VELAYATI: In the entire

Middle East and the Persian Gulf. no country has the strategic and important position of the Islamic Republic of Iran. You cannot find any other regional country that would share joint land and sea borders with countries, that would be neighbors with as many countries as Iran is, that would have such huge natural resources, and that would simultaneously be the most stable country in the zone. In our region. Afghanistan, Iraq. Central Asia (Tajikisian) and the Persian Gulf face many problems due to the daily increasing foreign military presence. On the other hand, the long-lasting occupation of Palestine by the Zionists and the domestic problems of Turkey with the PKK are nther problems. But the presence of a powerful and stable country such as Iran prevents the cultapse of this region. the annihilation of peace and calm in the region, disruption of economic balance in the entire region. As a result, tran's security means the security of the region. The Europeans know that if they give in 10 U.S. instigations, the future of their relations with this region and provision of energy sources will become problematic. The U.S. will also stand to lose if its security is imperilled in the region. But the U.S. foreign policy does not actually follow the vital U.S. national interests. It rather follows the rivalries of the Democratic and Republican Parties which are competing over the grant of concessions to the Zion-

BAHRAIN... From Pagel

both countries and has been seeking to act as a mediator in the dispute. Sheik Hamad met with King Fahd and Crown Prince Abdullah, but details were not disclosed.

Qatar took the case to the International Court of Justice in 1991 after an earlier round of Saudi mediation failed. But Bahram has rejected the court's jurisdiction.

Besides the Hawar islands, the dispute is also over territorial water boundaries and the Zubara land strip in Qatar, where Bahrain's ancestors lived 200 years ago.

INDIA... From Pagel

an anomaly in the U.S. perception of the Kashmir issue, as it views the recently held elections for the six Indian parliament seats in Indian-held Kashmir - which were boycotted by all major Kashmiri political parties - as part of a 'credible political process."

The daily reiterated Islamabad's stand that a solution to the simmering problem lies in the implementation of a U.N. Security Council resolution calling for a plehiscite in the Himalayan

state. India and Pakistan bave fought three wars since their independence in 1947, two for Kashmir. Iranian sympathizers of both countries believe that hilateral talks could be the best solution to the problem.

Both India and Pakistan should be aware of the trap the U.S. has for the Third World," an experi on Indo-Pak affairs told IRAN NEWS.

Both India and Pakistan speak the same language and do not need somebody as an interpreter," he said.

"They have the U.N. resolution and the Simla agreement which provide the best opportunity for a durable settlement on all bilateral disputes between the two

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Vienna	21°C	Rome	27°C
Istanbul	3t°C	Kuwait	40°C
l'aris	22°C	Madrid	30°C
Rivadh	43°C	London	t9°C
ighbors " be	hies	The contract of	THOU THE STATE OF

neighbors," he said

Meanwhile, India's respected statesman, Foreign Minister Inder Kumar Gujral, was quoted as saying that "India is willing to discuss a no-war pact with Pakistan."

An AP dispatch from New Delhi said Gujral made the statement on Monday in the Lok Sabha, or Lower House of Parliament. The 13-party coalition government has been trying hard to resume bilateral talks, that have not been held for two years, to ease tension hetween the two countries.

Soon after becoming prime minister, H.D. Deve Gowda wrote to his Pakistani counterpart, Benazir, suggesting resumption of talks.

According to AP, Gujral told Indian lawmakers that Benazir had not replied to Gowda's letter so far. But he said a Pakistani delegation of lawmakers is expected to visit India soon.

Gujral said the Indian government has "unilaterally taken steps for improving relations at a people-to-people level," but he gave no details.

The Indian newspaper report said that on the hasis of "peopleto-people contact," India has eased visa restrictions for Pakistani nationals. India had also invited cultural delegations from Pakistan to visit.

The new government of Prime Minister Gowda issued an order for a mobile consulate office in Karachi to issue visas for those intending to visit India.

New Delhi closed down its consulate in Karachi, and people from Sind province have had to travel to Islamabad to receive Indian visas.

ther cooperative measures between the Sudanese Center for Training of Diplomats and the Iranian Foreign Ministry's Center for Political Studies.

MATCHAR MATCHAR public sectors of Iran and Ireland.

He said Iran was ready to cooperate with Ireland so that the latter could establish economic and trade ties with Central Asia and the Cau-

treasures) opens the panorama of a great civilization," said Teresa Franco, director-general of Mexico's National Institute of Anthropology and History. "lı is the mother culture of Mexico."

"Olmec Art of Ancient Mexico" at the National Gallery of Art



fuel oil as substitute.

The project has been assessed to cost 340,656 million rials. of which 265,104 million rials has been dishursed so far.

"We hope this decision will give further time (to the companies) to see if they want to go on with their investments," he said.

Clinton had been walking a tightrope between Cuban American voters, who want to toughen the U.S. approach to Cuhan President Fidel Castro, and countries like Canada, Mexico and the European Union, with which Washington bas vital trade

An official announcement of the decision was expected later in

United Nations to seek a solution to the issue. They met in Geneva last month and the next round is due in December after the U.N.

General Assembly session. There have been suggestions that Fretilin spokesman Jose Ramos Horta might seek to raise the issue with Portugal at the U.N. this year. Some diplomats doubted whether Lisbon would want this, given agreement on a further round of tripartite talks.

tially mitigate the shortcomings of the formal educations system in preparing workers to use IT in service industries. The main challenge, however, is to make the general population receptive to technological change. As economies become more service-intensive, workers must he retrained more frequently, and their performance becomes more dependent on access to IT. Accordingly, the diffusion of computer literacy should receive special attention in education strategy.

In sum, the most dynamic. trade routes of the twenty-first century will be dominated by transactions in intangibles rather than goods. Service industries will be responsible for the "roads" of the global "infostructure" and they will be the main providers of the content to be traded via electronic means. The adoption of a liberal trade and investment regime is essential for countries to maximize the benefits to be derived from the internationalization of services and to move toward the information age. This is particularly true for developing countries F&D

in intangibles rather than goods. Service industries will be responsible for the "roads" of the global "infostructure" and they will be the main providers of the content to be traded via electronic means. The adoption of a liberal trade and investment regime is essential for countries to maximize the benefits to be derived from the internationalization of services and to move toward the information age. This is particularly true for developing countries. F&D

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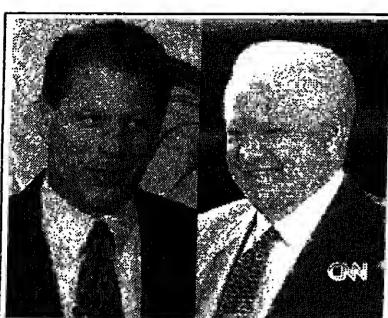
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Yeltsin Meets Gore at Barvikha

MOSCOW, RUSSIA (AFP) -President Boris Yeltsin began alks with U.S. Vice President Al Gore yesierday at a rest home in Barvikha just outside Moscow, where the Russian leader is on acation, Interfax news agency re-

The meeting had been abruptly postponed Monday when the Kremlin announced that Yeltsin had gone to Barvikha for two weeks' vacation to recover his strength after the presidential elections.

Gore congratulated Yeltsin on his "impressive victory in the presidential elections." Interfax reported.

Yeltsin said it was not only bis reforms and it was very important

Russian Prime Minister Viktor Chernomyrdin also attended the

prehensive nuclear test ban treaty. Plans for further U.S.-Russian summit meetings may also be on

Yeltsin's surprise postponement of the meeting with Gore

Russian Troops Kill 25 Chechen **Civilians**

MOSCOW (AFP) - Chechen rebel leaders said yesterday that 25 civilians had been killed by shots fired from Russian armored vehicles taking part in a massive military offensive on the outskirts of

The leaders charged that Moscow was trying to wipe out the Chechen people, many of whom gathered outside the Parliament building of the devastated Chechen capital to protest the offensive.

Russian Interior Minister Anatoly Kulikov earlier yesterday defended Moscow's massive operation against the rebels saying they must be wiped nut.

These die-hard groups of mercenaries and criminals must be wiped out," Kulikov told a news conference in Moscow, referring to the separatist rebels who have been hattling Russian troops in Chechnya for 19 months.

"These bandits instigate terrorism in Chechnya and Russia and we have to exterminate them," Kulikov said, adding that it was too early to speak of withdrawing troops" from the north Caucasus

ceeded in its hid to call a top-level the Irish Republican Army (IRA). Netanyahu Decides to Ease Closure West Bank, Gaza start of a wave of Islamic suicide some 25,000 Palestinians to get to their jobs inside Israel.

BELFAST (AFP) - Politicians

from across the sectarian divide sought to inject fresh imperus into

the faltering Northern Ireland

peace process with the resumption

of violence which spawned some

of the fiercest rioting seen in the

province for years, while the ne-

Monday pledged to "try and try

and try again" to achieve a lasting

settlement in the province was

supported by his Irish counterpart

John Bruton. "Difficult and pain-

ful as it is, we have got to put the

events of the past week bebind us

Britain's Northern Ireland Sec-

rctary Patrick Mayhew and Irish

Foreign Minister Dick Spring

were set to meet in Belfast yester-

day in a bid to warm relations

between London and Dublin,

which have cooled over the past

fanning the flames of violence

with its bandling of Protestant

marches across the province last

week. The Irish government suc-

Dublin has accused London of

and start again," Bruton said.

His commitment to a peaceful

Prime Minister John Major on

gotiating table stood empty.

peace in Northern Ireland.

the initiative followed a week

of multi-party talks yesterday.

bombings in the Jewish state, throwing tens of thousands of Palestinians out of work.

The unprecedented clampdown was eased slightly after Netanyahu's election on May 29 to allow

punishment which is crippling their fledgling economy. Arkansas Governor Resigns

LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS (AFP) - Arkansas Governor Jim Guy Tucker, who had promised to resign following his conviction in a Whitewater-related trial, stepped down Monday, but only after being given an ultimatum to quit or face impeachment.

Tucker created a furor in President Bill Clinton's Home State for

Netanyahu's short stay in

The righ-wing Israeli leader

Egypt on Thursday will be his first

visit to an Arab state since his May

will follow that up with a visit to

Jordan on July 25. Egypt and Jor-

dan are the only two countries to

A Jordanian source in Amman

have signed peace with Israel.

29 election.

While Israel says the blockade

is necessary for its security, Pales-

tinians describe it as collective

Londonderry.

Thursday.

ministerial meeting with London

and Ulster's security forces. The

talks were expected to be beld on

of Protestant and Catholic politi-

cal parties turned up for the nego-

tiations at Stormont Castle in a

Belfast suburb, with the exception

of Sinn Fein, the political wing of

Yesterday morning, members

Politicians Strive to Revive the

Peace Process in Ulster

day as governor, became acting

"The letter concerns consult-

ations and coordination between the two brother countries, as well as on the tollow-up of decisions made by the Arab Summit in Cairo," the Syrian foreign minister said

Asked wbether he would give Mubarak Syrian proposals to pass on to Netanyahu, Shara would only say that Damascus "has a permanent dialogue with its Egyptian brothers on various (regional)

issues." On Sunday Mubarak also beld talks with Palestinian President Yasser Arafat who voiced his concerns for the peace process following Netanyahu's election victory over peace architect Shimon

Arab states bave voiced growing alarm at Netanyahu's hardline stand and particularly his refusal to make further territorial concessions in return for peace.

Twenty-two Arab leaders urged Israel to respect its commitments to the peace process or risk a balt in normalizing ties at a landmark summit in Cairo on June 22 to 23,

It has been barred from the talks since its paramilitaries resumed bomh attacks in February.

Funeral ceremonies for victim of the recent Irish violence in

Since the negotiations opened on June 10, they bave been dogged by a series of procedural difficulties and attempts to clarify the role of talks' chairman, former U.S. Senator George Mitchell. The Unionist camp bas accused Mitchell of partiality towards nationalists.

Meanwhile, according to Reuter; the first person killed in the fresh wave of violence sweeping Northern Ireland was buried at a somber Londonderry ceremony on Monday beside other Catholic victims of the 27-year conflict.

Leading Republicans, including Nobel Peace Prize nomince John Hume and Sinn Fein negotiator Martin McGuiness, filed bebind the coffin of convicted bomber Dermot McShane, who was hit by an army armored vehicle in Catholic riots on Friday.

Amid a tense calm in the province on Monday night, politicians on both sides of the Irisb sea sought some way to restore a peace process deeply wounded by a week of bitter confrontation.

Northern Ireland Secretary Sir Patrick Maybew told the British Parliament that the violence was "the worst setback for many years, a return towards what so many people in Northern Ireland, and far beyond, had prayed was over for good".

In London, police said they has thwarted by several bours a major Irish Republican Army (IRA) guerrilla attack after finding a bomb factory in the capital. Seven men were arrested under anti-terrorism laws, they said.

Turkish Troops Kill 28 Kurds

ANKARA, TURKEY (AFP) -Turkish government troops killed 28 Kurdish separatist rebels in two separate clashes in southeaster Turkey, an official statement said Молдау,

Fifteen members of the outlawed Kurdistan Workers Party (PKK) were killed in fighting in Van province while 13 others died in another clash in Hakkari province bordering Iran and Iraq, the statement by the regional governor's office said.

It did not specify the exact dates or whether there were losses among security forces.

The regional governorship is the top local office responsible to coordinate the fight against the PKK in 10 southeastern provinces



behalf of the American people on

own victory, but a victory for the for all the Russian people."

Barvikha mecting. A source in Yeltsin's entourage

told Interfax that Yeltsin planned to discuss "the major issues in Russian-U.S. relations," including attracting U.S. investments to Russia and working out mutually acceptable approaches to European security.

The source said Yeltsin and Gore may also discuss the START II Disarmament Accord and the Anti-Ballistic Missile (ABM) Treaty and the drafting of a com-

the agenda, the source added.

Monday prompted further specu-

lation about his health. Saudis Assure Washington on Cooperation

WASHINGTON (AFP) - The United States received high-level Saudi assurances of full cooperation Monday following reports the Saudi defense minister opposed relocating U.S. troops inside Saudi Arahia, a Pentacon official

said. Detense Minister Prince Sultan ibn Abdel Aziz was quoted as saving the move was "not correct" because security had been achieved despite two U.S. terrorist attacks against U.S. forces there since November.

The idea was raised at a U.S. Senate hearing last week by Delense Secretary William Perry, who instructed the commander of U.S. forces in the Persian Gulf to draw up plans for relocating troops now hased in vulnerable

the 6,200 U.S. inilitary personnel in Saudi Arabia is heing cunsidered because of the difficulties of protecting U.S. troops in urban

"The call was a sign we can expect it teooperation) to continue, particularly with regard to expects to continue," the official

State Department spokesman do not correspond to our discussions with the Saudi authorities on the particular issue. And these are

central command.

senior Saudi authorities."

A Pentagon official said the plan for moving the troops would likely he presented by the U.S.

Perry had discussed the idea of

relucating some of the forces at a base south of Riyadh with Saudi officials before the Dhahran hombing.

several hours, saying he would

only take a leave of absence from his post while seeking to overturn his conviction.

State Attorney General Winston Bryant immediately filed suit

to remove Tucker from office, and Lieutenant Governor Mike Huckabee, a Republican who had planned on being sworn in Mongovernor instead.

Mubarak Meets Jordanian, Syrian Leaders for Talks on Peace

CAIRO, EGYPT (AFP) - President Hosni Muharak held talks on the Arah-Israeli peace process here yesterday with Jordanian and Syrian leaders ahead of a visit to Cairo hy Israel's hardline Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu.

Jordan's Prime Minister, Abdel Karim Kahariti, and Syrian Foreign Minister Faruq al-Shara both made the trip to Egypt for consultations with Mubarak be-



MUBARAK

fore Netanyahu's visit here on Thursday.

' Meanwhile, Mubarak's top policy adviser said Egypt hopes Netanyahu will come up with

ideas for a resumption of peace talks between Israel and its Arab ncighbors.

"We hope to hear from Netanvahu proposals likely to open the door to serious and fruitful negotiations," Ussama al-Baz told journalisis.

"We are convinced that the Israeli people themselves want negotiations to continue and are afraid of a setback, because that

would have negative repercus-

SHARA

sions for the wbole region including Isracl," Baz added.

He urged both sides not to "miss this chance to make a real hreakthrough in the peace proc-



KABARITI

process as both countries coordinate steps closely on this."

Shara, meanwhile, said he would give Mubarak a message from Syrian President Hafez al-



ailama Visit Dai

sino-British Tie

arhan areas like Riyadh. The move of at least some of areas from terrorist attacks. A Peniagon official said Wash-

inglon received a telephone call from a high-tevet Saudi official, who said Prince Sultan had been quoted out of context and reaffirmed Saudi Arabia's commitment to work closely with the United States to enhance security for U.S. forces.

force protection, which Dr. Perry s: id. Nicbolas Burns said the reports

republic.

TEL AVIV. ISRAEL (AFP) -Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu decided in principle yesterday to ease the four-month-old closure of the Palestinian territories without saying when or how he

would do it. Netanyahu and his foreign and defense ministers decided to ease the closure of the territories because of the economic distress of the Palestinians," an army spokes-

However no concrete measure has been announced. A spokesman for Netanyahu said it was a "political decision" and the details would

he revealed later. Israel sealed off the West Bank and Gaza Strip in February at the s with Naughten

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32 Dead in **Dutch Air** Disaster

EINDHOVEN, NETHER-LANDS (Reuter) - Thirty-two people were killed and nine serionsly injured when a Belgian military plane crashed and burst into flames at Eindhoven Airport in the southern Netherlands.

He said up to nine were seriously injured among the 40 to 41 people aboard the 26-year-old Belgian C-130 Hercules military aircraft.

The plane, carrying members of a Dutch military brass band from a performance at Villafranca in Italy, banked steeply as it came in to land and plunged into a field **Dalai Lama Visit Damages**

BEIJING, CHINA (Reuter) -

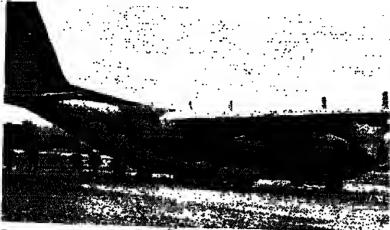
China said vesterday that a British

parliamentary invitation to Tibet's

"She was an employee of the

U.S. government on temporary

duly assignment," press attache at



BRUSSELS, BELGIUM: Undated file picture of a Belgian air force C-130 Hercules military transport plane. A similar plane crash July 15 at a military base in Eindhoven, southern Netnerlands, killing 32 people.

in the airstrip's military section

the fire under control within 50

minutes, while police sealed off

the airbase to keep away crowds

"It will bring about adverse af-

fects to the Sino-British relations," n Foreign Ministry spokesman

said. The Dalai Lama was due to

address Parliament in London later

visit Britain and offering him a fo-

rum, the Tibetan group of the Brit-

ish Flouse of Commons ahets the

Dalai's action to split the mother-

land," the spokesman told a regular

further. China had already made

strong representations to Britain

over the visit, the spokesman said.

hurt the feelings of the Chinese

chiatric hospital to undergo tests to

They also ordered an autopsy.

determine his mental state.

"The action of the British has

He said Beijing's door was

He did not identify the group

"By inviting the Dalai Lama to

of onlookers.

vesterday.

news briefing.

people," he said.

Sino-British Ties

Emergency services brought

just after 6 p.m. (16:00 GMT).

A makeshift mortuary was set up at the airbase, while the injured, suffering from second and third-degree burns, were ferried to nearby hospitals and specialist burns units by ambulance and beli-

Ukrainian Premier Survives Assassination Attempt

Prime Minister Pavel Lazarenko survived an assassination anempt in Kiev yesterday when a remotecontrolled bomb exploded as his

ued his journey to the airport and later flew off to Donetsk in southeastern Ukraine for a meeting with coal mining bosses and trade un-

There were no casualties in the bombing, Interfax said.

Lazarenko's car and another car in his motorcade were damaged in the blast, which left a crater 1.5 meters (five feet) deep and up to two meters wide.

Bosnian Serbs Threaten to Take U.N. Hostages

SARAJEVO (Dispatches) - Separatist Serb authorities in the northem Bosnian town of Doboj have threatened to take U.N. police officers hostage if Western forces irv to arrest Serb Leader Radovan Karadzic, the U.N. said yester-

The warning followed threats hy the police chief in the Serb capital Pale to harm U.N. police and NATO peace troops should the West attempt to grab Serb leaders indicted as war crimi-

the international Police Task Force (IPTF) in postwar Bosnia, said the IPTF was worried by proliferating Serb threats as pressure grows to detain Karadzic to prevent him undermining free elections due in September.

The interior minister in the half

Accord he brokered last year. Taliban Jet Pilot

KABUL, AFGHANISTAN tAFP) - A jet pilot with the Taliban Islamic militia defected to the Afghan government yesterday, surrendering himself and his MiG 21 fighter-bomber to the military in Kabul, senior army sources

The defection is likely to deal a very severe blow to the Taliban war machine as the Islamic warriors had only four or five airworthy. jets in their fleet, analysts said.

Belgrade Ruler Orchestrated MOSCOW (AFP) - Ukrainian

Dayton Accord.

war reparations.

govina war was staged.

month Bosnia war.

car was passing by, an official accompanying him told Interfax news agency. Lazarenko was given medical help after the blast, but he contin-

ion leaders.

HOLBROOKE IN BALKAN

Alex Ivanko, spokesman for

"IPTF in Doboj has been tinformed) that if an operation is mounted to arrest Karadzic, IPTF personnel will be taken hostage in the area." Ivanko told a news conference in the Bosnian government capital Sarajevo.

of Bosnia controlled by break-

Israel

Turkey's Islamic-backed leader to

cancel a military agreement with

Israel that has angered the Muslim

leads the Muslim Brotherhood,

iold the London-based Asharq af-

Awsat newspaper yesterday that

the pact signed in February still

But Mousiafa Mashour, who

Brotherhood Won't Ask Erbakan to Revoke Pact with

Pilot Abdul Jalil flew the jet low over the besieged capital yes-, terday morning before landing the Russian-built aircraft at the government's main air base near here.



away Serbs had assured IPTF in writing that he would do whatever needed to protect its officers.

Meanwhile, according to AFP, U.S. Balkan troubleshooter Richard Holbrooke headed to the region yesterday via NATO headquarters in Brussels to put the country's fattering peace process back on track.

At his stop-over in Brussels, Holbrooke said the United States was "not satisfied" with the implementation of the Dayton Peace



support did not cease even for a moment.

The World at a Glance

PARIS, FRANCE - President Jacques Chirac left Paris yesterday for a three-day official trip to Africa. where he will visit Gabon and Congo, officials said.

Bosnia Aggression Ploy

BY A. ABOLFATH

The United Nations War Crimes Tribunal Thursday issued interna-

tional arrest warrants for Radovan Karadzic and Ratko Mladic. The

motion coincided with the anniversary of the heart-rending genocide

of 8,000 defenseless people in Srebrenica. The Tribunal's verdict

allows 60,000 NATO troops stationed in Bosnia-Herzegovina to

arrest the two war criminals who have marred the legitimacy of the

move, ruled Thursday that it has jurisdiction in Bosnia's genocide

case against Serbia, clearing the way for a full hearing on whether

Belgrade was the driving force behind the 44-month Bosnian war.

When the Bosnian war reached it's zenith in 1993, Sarajevo filed a

petition with the World Court against Belgrade's aggression and

Now the ground is paved for the World Court to see to the case.

As the mastermind of the "Great Serbia", Serbian President Slo-

bodan Milosevic is likely to be convicted by the World Court. If this

happens, Serbia would have to pay some \$50 billion to Bosnia for

Though the World Court motion comes rather belatedly, it sheds

light on an undeniable fact: When he was the Communist Party

leader, Milosevic retained political power for himself and his party

-- which was later known as the Socialist Party -- by propagating

and promoting nationalism. To avenge themselves in history,

Milosevic and his proponents held the frightful June 15, 1989

program in Kosovo to mark the 600th anniversary of the Serb Prince

Lazar by Sultan Salim 1. From then on, annihilation and devastation

became the order of the day, dismembering Marshal Tito's legacy

At a time when Yoguslav politics was marked by abhorrence.

other peoples -- such as the Croats and Serbs -- turned to their own

ideal brand of nationalism. This clash of thoughts culminated in the

declaration of independence by Croatia and Slovenia with sub-

sequent agreement of the international community on January 15,

1992. From that date, the heart-rending drama of Bosnia-Herze-

Once, on the threshold of the EU's official recognition of the

independence of Croatia and Slovenia, the political adviser of the

Serbian president explicitly declared that Belgrade would never

allow the dismemberment of Serb-inhabited areas. This policy was

strictly enforced throughout the 6-month Croatia war and the 44-

In late 1993, when international bans and political ostracization

had brought the Serbian economy to the brink of collapse, the

Belgrade ruler stopped his own support for political and military

functionaries in Kennen and Pale which are Serb-inhabited areas in

Croatia and Bosnia-Herzegovina. But the Serb nationalists' covert

Presently, the international community is bent on determining the

initiator of the Bosnia-Herzegovina war. Undoubtedly, thorough

enforcement of justice they can allay the pains of this grieved land

and bar the way to the resumption of historical grudges.

moved for dismemberment of the country.

In addition, the World Court, in a historically unprecedented

ALGIERS, ALGERIA - Journalists for Algeria's top independent newspapers went on strike Monday to press for the freedom of a cartoonist jailed for poking fun at the flag.

ANKARA, TURKEY - Foreign Minister Tansu Ciller will fly to Ireland today for a two-day visit mainly to discuss ties between Turkey and the European Union. diplomats said yesterday.

MALAGA, SPAIN - A small bomb exploded early vesterday in a shopping center in his southern Spanish coastal town but caused no injuries and little damage, local authorities said.

BUENOS AIRES, ARGENTINA - President Carlos Menem named a close personal friend, Elias Jassan, as Argentina's new justice minister Monday, replacing Roberto Barra whom the Jewish community here charged was an anti-semite.

BELJING, CHINA - Tens of thousands of people have been evacuated from homes around tributaries of the Yangtze River that are already for above flood level and still rising. Xinhua reported yesterday.

HAITI - At least 600 children in Haiti died over the past three months of acute renal problems caused by contaminated medication, Health Minister Rodolphe Malebranche said yesterday.

(DISPATCHES)

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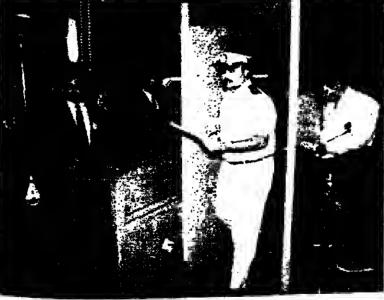
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CAIRO, EGYPT: An Egyptian policeman checks July 16 an electronic gate at the door of Semiramis Hotel in central Cairo where an American tourist was stabbed to death in the evening by an Egyptian said by the police to be mentally disturbed. The man has been arrested.

Defects to Govt.

said.

they said.









ATLANTA (AP) - Temperatures in Atlanta will likely return to simmering July levels just in time for Friday's opening of the Olympics, fore

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ATLANTA (Reuter) - According

to U.S. officials, assistant Olym-

pic boxing coach Jesse Ravelo was

a national champion in Fidel Cas-

Cuba says they never heard of

The U.S. Army says that al-

most 30 years after he defected

from communism to capitalism.

the 1967 Pan-American Games

gold medallist has finally reached

According to Cuba, he never

With less than a week to go

won a Pan-Am Games gold in

before the start of the Games, the

only certainty is that Cuba and old

The U.S. media biography for

Ravelo, now a sergeant in the U.S.

Army, says he boxed for Cuba and

captured the 1967 Pan-Am gold

tro's Cuba.

the Olympics.

Winnipeg, Canada.

someone is wrong.

him.

Atlanta's weather has been slightly cooler and less humid than normal the first two weeks of July because the Bermuda high, a large zone of high pressure that plays a major role in controlling weather in the Southeastern U.S.A., has been farther east than normal, said meteorologist Lars Rothfusz.

VOL. II. No. 501 TEHRAN Price 200 Rials Wednesday July 17, 1996. Tir 27, 1375, Safar 30, 1417

SPORTS

medal before arriving in the U.S.A.. He says be was Cuban cham-

pion from 1964-1967. Questioned by Reuter earlier on Monday about the absence of Ravelo's name from the Pan-Am Games medallists, a U.S. boxing spokesman pointed to the name of Enrico Blanco and said the coach

had changed his name. Blanco was listed as the 1967 lightweight champion in the offieial U.S. boxing guide to the

However, other Pan-Am Games statistics show Enrique Regueiferos was the champion that year before he moved up a Division and won the 1971 lightwelterweight title.

Contacted by Reuter, the Cuban Federation in Havana said it had no record of any national champion named Blanco or Rav-

The coach himself told Reuter earlier on Monday he had defected while in Canada but declined to go into details, saying he didn't like discussing politics.

"I did what I had to do in 1967. he said.

An army media release available through the U.S. Olympic . Committee quoted Ravelo as tell-: ing an Army Times reporter: "1" started boxing in Cuba in 1963. I was the junior national champion champion.

It said Ravelo had won the gold at the 1967 Pan-Am Games and then gave up a place on the 1968 Cuban Olympie boxing team rather than return home to Ha-

Ravelo told Reuter he had fought as an amateur and as a professional in America, building up a wealth of experience that cut across the ideological divide.

He said he had used his first hand experience of the iron discipline of the Cuban school and the aggressive technique of American fighters eyeing professional careers beyond the Olympics to forge his own boxing philosophy.

. "I don't try to follow the Cuban philosophy or anything like that. I just follow my own," Ravelo said during a training session in a southern Atlanta gym.

He said he understood why two top Cuban Olympie boxing hopes defected this month but did not believe the country was significantly weakened by the blow.

"A lot of their athletes are not getting any younger. They're getting older and they want to make a few dollars coming down here and making a better living," he

"But the Cubans are always" going to be strong, no matter who leaves or who stay . "

Ravelo said he was equally convinced that widespread Cuban defections at the Atlanta Games were unlikely.

"If it were just a question of money, you'd have far more Cues over dere.

Rigid mental discipline and a strong sense of national loyalty, as shown by the majority of the Cuban squad, is the key to Olympie success, Ravelo believes.

Olympic Torch Returns to Athens

ATLANTA (Reuter) - The Atlanta Olympic torch returned briefly to Athens on Monday, in the hands of the man who persuaded Olympic bosses that the Centenary Games should be held not in Greece but in the U.S.A..

Billy Payne, head of the Atlanta Committee for the Olympic Games, joined the torch relay to carry the Olympic flame around the Sanford Stadium in the town of Athens, Georgia.

"It was one of the highlights of. my Olympie experience," said Payne, who was an unknown property lawyer before deciding in 1987 that Atlanta, the Georgia state capital, was capable of hosting the Olympie Games.

Only three years later he was rewarded for his vision when the International Olympic Committee chose Atlanta over sentimental favorites Athens. The Greek capital hosted the first modern Games back in 1896.

The theme of the Atlanta torch relay as it winds its way across America has been "community heroes". Local people have had the chance to decide who carries the torch for them.

Fittingly enough, Payne was born in Athens, 50 miles east of Atlanta, the son of an American football star.

ball career himself in the town, playing as a quarterback at the same Sanford Stadium which is to host the semifinals and final of the Olympic soccer tournament.



ATLANTA: Workers assemble (July 15 at the international Sports Plaza in Atlanta) a huge birthday cake that will be used Sports Plaza in Atlanta) a major of the U.S. Olympic team, to celebrate the 100th birthday of the U.S. Olympic team, (AFP Photo

Olympic Games program

Sunday July 28

Archery (Stone Mountaio Park)

Women's individual ranking round: 9h-11h30; men's individual ranking round: 14h-16h30

Athletics (Olympic Stadium) morning 10h-13h

Men: 110m hurdles 1st rd (10h45); women: marathon (7am), heptathion long jump (10h), discus qualifying Group A (10h05), Group B (11h35), 400m burdles

Afternoon; men: hammer funal (15h45), long jump qualifying (17h15), high jump final(18h), 110m hurdles 2nd rd (18h30), 800m 2nd rd (19h15), 400m semi-finals (20h20)

Women: heptathlon javelio Group A (18h25), Group B (20h), 400m emi-finals (19h55), 5,000m final (20h45), heptathlon 800m (21h15)

Badminton (Georgia State University) Men's and women's doubles quarter-finals (9h-12h) Men's and women's singles quarter-finals (20h-23h)

Baseball (Atlanta-Fulton County) round-robin South Korea v Netherlands (10h), U.S.A. v Cuba (15h) Nicaragua v Australia (20h)

Men's Group A: China v Lithuanian (10h); Croatia v U.S.A. (19h) Georgia iome: Argentina v angular (22h30) Morchouse College

Men's Group B: Australia v Greece (12h); Yugoslavia v Puerto Rico (17h); Georgia dome; Brazil v South Korea (20h30) Morehouse college Boxing: (Alexander Memorial Coliseum)

flyweight, light welterweight, light heavyweight 2nd rd 13h30-15h55 and 20h-22h25 Canoe-Kayak (Ocoee Whitewater Center)

.Slalom: men's canoe pairs and kayak singles 1st and 2nd runs Track cycling (Stone Mountain Park)

Men: points race final, sprint bronze medal race, sprint final Women: individual pursuit final, points race final (11h15-14h40) Diving (Georgia Tech Aquatie Center)

Men's springboard preliminary round (20h-24h) Equestrian (Georgia International Horse Park) Dressage Team dressage final sessions (8h30-11h45 and 15h-17h40)

Football Men's quarter-finals Group C winner v Group D runner-up (Birmingham 16h); Group D winner v Group C runner-up (Miami 18h)

Women's semi-finals winner Group E v runner-up Group F winner Group F runher-up Group E

Both at Sanford Stadium, Athens, Georgia (15h and 17h30 kick-offs)

Gymnastics (Georgia Dome) Apparatus finals (21h30-23h45) men's floor exercises, pommel horse, rings

Women's vault, uneven bars Handball (Georgia World Congress Center)

Women's Group A China v Denmark (11h45), U.S.A. v Hungary (14h30) Group B angular v South Korea (10h), Germany v Norway (16h15)

Men's Group A (Clark Atlanta University)

Pakistan v Argentina 9h; Germany v U.S.A. 17h30; Spain v India 20h Women's round-robin (Morris Brown College)

Germany v Great Britain (9h); Australia v U.S.A. (11h) Spain v Netherlands

7h30); Argentina v South Korea (20h) Rowing (Lake Lanier) Men's a and b finals (9h-12h10) Lightweight double culls; lightweight coxless fours; quad sculls; eights; Women's A and B finals (9h-12h10) lightweight double sculls; quad sculls; eights

Table Fennis (Georgia World Congress Center) Men's singles 2nd rd (10h-14h) Tennis (Stone Mountain Park) Men's singles 3rd round, doubles 2nd rd

Women's doubles.2nd rd (10h-16h) Beach Volleyball (Atlanta Beach)

Men's bronze and gold medal matches (11h30-15h15)

Volleyball women; Pool A: Japan v China (10h) Omni Coliseum; South Kores U.S.A. (13h); Ukraine v Netherlands (15h30) University of Georgia Pool B: Brazil v Germany (12h30); Cuba v Russia (19h30); Peru v Canada

(22h) all Omni Coliseum Water Polo (Georgia Tech Aquatie Center)

11th-12th and 9th-10th play-offs: 8h-10h40; 7th-8th and 5th-6th play-offs: 1h30-14h; bronze and gold medal games: 15h-18h15 Weightlifting (Georgia World Congress Center) 99kg

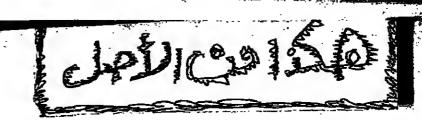
Group B: 12h30-14h30; Group A: 16h-18h Yachting (Savannah) Two races in each class (13h-18h); men's and women's Mistral sailboard final

aces; men's and women's 470, soling, tornado final fleet races

(to be continued)



ESSAY, FRANCE: A car competing in a rallycross race in northern France careers of the track into the crowd July 14. Five spectators were killed and more than a dozen badly injured with another 15 people slightly hurt, when the car left the track after going into a sharp bend and ploughed into a group of spectators before coming to rest back on the circuit.



DEC Ministers Stop C

Global Free Trac

industrie Receiv Order for 45 Airplan

WASHINGTON (AFP) - President Bill Clinton weighed Monday whether to freeze the most controyersial clause of a U.S. anti-Casiro law as European countries threatened to claw back at Washington if the measure kicks in.

Clinton was to meet with his advisers upon returning from a weekend rest at the Camp David presidential retreat later in the day to decide if he will use his executive authority to waive title III of the Helms-Burton law.

Title III would allow U.S. citizens and companies to sue foreign firms that profit from property they once owned and which was confiscated after 1959 by the communist government of Cuban President Fidel Castro.

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Games program

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"It's entirely impossible to say which way he is leaning on that." White House Spokesman Michael McCurry said.

He added that Clinton would amounce his decision on Tues-

Proponents of the law maintain waiving title III will pull the teeth from Helms-Burton, which is aimed at choking off foreign investment in Cuba to undercut Cas-



Diplomats in Washington said they expected Clinton to decide against a waiver in a move which would allow the provision to go into force on August 1 as outlined under the law.

They based this assumption on the fact administration officials in several meetings on Helms-Burton did not show any sign they were willing to relax the legisla-

But other sources suggested Clinton may decide to allow the provision to go into force on August 1 as outlined in the law while waiving another section that deals with the deadline for claims to be presented.

APEC Ministers Step Closer to Global Free Trade

CHRISTCHURCH, NEW ZEA- industrial products across the LAND (AFP) - APEC trade ministers agreed Tuesday to talks before the World Trade Organization meets in December, accurding to a copy of an official statement obtained here.

The statement, to be released later by New Zealand Trade Minister Philip Burdon, said the Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation group ministers had also considered further trade liberalization initiatives that could be undertaken beyond the WTO's built in agenda.

improvement of market access for

board," it added.

"We also discussed the possiimplement commitments under bility of undertaking more limited the Uruguay Round of global trade sectoral initiatives, perhaps in the shorter term."

Almost 300 delegates of the 18 APEC economies, led by the trade ministers, have been meeting here to formulate plans by APEC to influence the WTO's first ministerial meeting in Singapore.

APEC members had committed themselves under last November's Osaka Summil agreement to the "full and effective implementation" of their respective commit-"We agreed that consideration ments made when the Uruguay should be given to further work on Round of global trade talks concluded in late 1994.

Deliverics of the single-aisle

Airbus Industrie, a consortium

composed of four European air-

craft builders, is Europe's only

builder of large commercial air-

craft, ranking second in the world

after Boeing Commercial Air-

aircraft are scheduled to begin in

mid-1997. Airbus said. The

A340-300s will be delivered be-

Iween 1999 and 2001.

Airbus Industrie Receives Firm Order for 45 Airplanes

A-340-300's.

PARIS (AP) - European aircraft chase of an additional 40 singlemanufacturer Airbus Industric aisle planes and for five additional said Monday it received a firm order for 45 airplanes from General Electric Capital Aviation Services.

Forty of the orders are for the single-aisle Airbus A-319, A-320. and A-321 airplanes. The five other neders are for the wide body.

long-range A-340-300 aircraft. Airbus did not publish a price figure for the deal.

The contract with GECAS, a unit of General Electric Corp.. also includes options for the pur-

Dozens of Flights Canceled by Strike

plane Corp.

ROME (API - Dozens of flights were canceled or delayed Monday during a four hour strike by baggage handlers and other ground workers at lialian airports.

Alitalia, the state-run airline, promised to provide flights to the United States and some other interenntinental destinations. It also guaranteed flights to and from the islands of Sicily and Sardinia.

Alitalia canceled 42 flights the majority to and from Milan and 15 percent of the remaining llights around the nation experienced delays of an average of 30 minutes, the carrier said.

Other airlines also were forced to delay or cancel flights because bles.

of the four-hour strike by ground workers to press for resumption of contract talks that broke off last

year. Union officials announced a 24-hour strike by ground workers for Aug. 8 - during Italy's busiest vacation month.

State TV also reported that foreign carriers have asked Transport Minister Claudio Burlando to intervene so their passengers would he spared inconvenience during the rest of the summer.

Alitafia's managing director, Domenico Cempella, also asked Burlando to help solve an "uncontrollable" situation of labor trou**UNDP**

Global Gap Between Rich and **Poor Is Widening**

TEHRAN (United Nations Information Center) - The global gap between the rich and poor is widening everyday and the very rich are gening richer, says the Human Development Report 1996.

Published by Oxford University Press for the United Nations Development Program (UNDP), the report was prepared by a team of eminent economists and distinguished development professionals under the guidance of Mahbub ul Haq and Richard Jolly, Special Advisors to the Administrator of United Nations Development Program (UNDP).

The report says that the assets of the world's 358 billionaires exceed the combined annual incomes of countries accounting for nearly half - 45% - of the world's people. "Nearly 90 countries are worse off economically than they were 10 years ago," the Human Development Report 1996 added.

The basic feature of the report, the Human Development Index, ranks countries on the basis of life expectancy, education and basic purchasing power. Specific indexes focus on detailed aspects of development, such as the relationships between wealth, poverty and social investment, employment, and the role of women.

This is the seventh edition of the report and for 1996 it ranked Canada first among 174 countries. The report shows that despite a dramatic surge in economic growth in 15 countries over the

pasi three decades, 1.6 billion people were left behind and are worse off than they were 15 years

"The world has become more economically polarized between countries and within countries, "says James Gustave Speth, Administrator of UNDP, in a foreword to the report. "If the present trends continue, economic disparities between industrial and developing nations will move from inequitable to inhuman," he

The 229-page report says that the economic growth becomes real to people only when they can work adding, "economic growth does not automatically create jobs."

A study of 69 countries spanning the last decade showed that of the 46 countries with economic growth, the report says, only 27 of them saw employment grow, too; 19 or more than 40% experience jobless growth.

The Human Development Report 1996 brings home the lesson that "it is people and not just the economy" that need the attention of world leaders. "Economic growth often does not translate into improvement of people's



IMF Considers Lengthening Loan Terms

WASHINGTON (AFP) - The International Monetary Fund (IMF) is considering either an expansion in its loan repayment periods or the provision of grants in order to lighten the debt load of the world's poorest countries, an IMF official has said.

Jack Boorman, bead of the fund's development policy unit, said in an interview appearing in the publication IMF Survey that the fund was considering two op-

"One is 10 extend the maturities of IMF claims ... for example, by extending the maturity of such claims from the current 10 years and five years' grace to 20 years and the 10 years' grace."

"Another possibility is 10 provide a grant to the country to help is service its obligations to the IMF.

The fund, in conjunction with the World Bank, has identified eight countries where the external debt is considered "unsustainable" and 12 others that are classified as "possibly stressed" by their debt burdens.

Most of the 20 states are in Africa.

But the debt relief will not be forthcoming unless countries adhere in economic reform policies for at least three and possibly six

"If the IMF is the major creditor to a country, it will provide relarively more assistance to the country than other multilateral institutions," said Boorman.

A country's debt would be deemed sustainable, according to the IMF and the World Bank, if interest payments represent between 20 and 25 percent of export revenues or if the total debt does not surpass 200 to 250 percent of export earnings.

But other factors will be taken into account, according to Boorman, such as "the country's reserve position, its dependence on a single or small number of com-

modity exports and the impact of

will continue to require bilateral and multilateral assistance ... indeed even if the debt of a number of these countries were totally written off they would remain heavily dependent on aid."

"But it is important to keep in

mind that these indebted countries

debt service on its fiscal position." **Kazak National Airline Might Be Grounded**

ALMATY, KAZAKHSTAN (AP) - The planes of Kazakhstan's national airline will be grounded within the next three months if the airline is not restructured and given financial support, an aviation official said Monday.

The airline. Aue Zholy, is on the verge of bankrupicy with a debt of more than \$10 million, and its planes need repair and new equipment, according to Nurlan Akhmukhanov, president of the Azamaı Airline.

"I'm an aviation specialist with more than 20 years of experience and use my right as a private citizen to express my opinion," said Akhmukhanov.

In a newspaper arricle published Saturday, he suggested two possibilities for saving the airline.

Aue Zholy can either remain a state-owned airline, which would require the government to pay \$120 to 150 million a year over the next four years to renew the planes - or declare itself bankrupt and undergo renrganization and privatization. Akhmukhanow

Aue Zholy representatives could not be immediately reached for comment.

Deputy Transport and Communication Minister Serik Buranhavev also voiced security concerns regarding the airline.

Buranbayev said Kazakhstan presently has 20 airlines but only about two-thirds of them are oper-

Due to problems with Aue Zholy, flight cancellations and delays of 24 or more hours have become the norm. Western businesses have repeatedly complained about the unreliability of the flights and the danger of being stranded in a remote area of the Central Asian country.

Canada Wins **Decision** on Tariffs with Washington

OTTAWA (AFP) - Canada won a victory in a dispute over agricultural tariffs with the United States, government sources said here

The sources said a committee of the North American Free Trade Agreement backed Canada on certain tariffs protecting its dairy products, eggs and poultry against lower-quality imports from the United States.

The interim decision was to be announced Tuesday, with both parties having 14 days to respond before a final decision in late Au-

Washington complained that the tariffs were unfair trade barriers under the free-trade agreement with the two countries and Mex-

Economic Digest

RIYADH - Saudi billionaire Prince Al-Waleed bin Talal is finalizing a \$40 million joint venture for a four seasons hotel in the Jordanian capital, Amman, his office said Monday.

It said that the project, to be called the Petra Tourism Investmeni Co., would be a partnership with the Arab Jordan Investment Bank and would offer some shares 10 the public.

The prince, a private entrepreneur among the richest inside the Saudi ruling family, has substanial hotel and tourism interests. including stakes in Euro-Disney, London's Canary Wharf and Saks Fifth Avenue.

He also owns a 25 percent stake in the Four Seasons Hotels Management Co. and 50 percent shares in the Fairmont botels, the Four Seasons Hotel in London and the Plaza Hotel in New York.

CAIRO - The number of tourists visiting Egypt this year is more than 35 percent ahead of last year, when a record 3.1 million people came, the government

Tourism Minister Mamdouh el-Beltagui told a news conference Sunday night that 1,467,986 foreigners arrived in Egypt in the first five months this year, up from 1.085,271 in the same period of 1995.

Tourism - much of it drawn to see Egypt's Pharaonic antiquities is one of Egypt's major source of foreign currency.

KUWAIT - Kuwait's exports to the Netherlands in the first quarter of the year increased by 15.7 percent compared to the same period last year, the Kuwait News Agency reported Monday.

Il quoled Adel Azizieh, a commercial assistant at the Embassy of the Netherlands, as saying these 1996 exports were valued at \$425

The exports of the Netherlands to Kuwait in the first three months of the year also rose by 7.4 percent from the same period in 1995,

reaching \$26 million. The trade balance is tipped in Kuwait's favor because of oil products Holland imports from the small Persian Gulf state, Azizieh said.

The size of trade between the two countries in 1995 was \$1.34 billion, up 2.4 percent from 1994.

AMMAN - The government will not reverse its decision to reduce by balf exports to Iraq this year because debt-ridden Jordan is unable to finance exports to its one-time largest trading partner.

Information Minister Marwan Mouasber said Monday trade with Iraq would remain at \$220 million this year in line with a memorandum of understanding signed in January.

The Central Bank of Jordan is unable to keep financing exports to Iraq using our much needed hard-currency reserves," Mouasber said.

Jordan, strained by a \$6.5 billion foreign debt, bas said it wans lraq to repay a \$1.2 billion debt to Jordan accumulated since the 1980s through food and humanilarian purchases.

AMMAN - Incoming shipping activity at the country's only sea outlet, Aqaba, increased by 8 percent to 2.45 million tons in the first six months this year compared with the same period in 1995, a report said Monday.

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1762 - Peter III, Tsar of Russia, is assassinated and is succeeded by Catherine II.

1791 - Massacre of Champ De Mars by Marquis De Lafayette restores order in Paris.

1880 - New penal code, bases on that of France, is approved in Japan.

1890 - Cecil Rhodes becomes premier of Cape Colony in Africa.

1894 - Italian forces take Kassale, Sudan, from the Dervishes. 1936 - Spain's civil war starts as General Francisco

Franco leads army forces in revolt against Spain's government. 1961 - New constitution goes into effect in British

Guiana. 1965 - U.S. B-52 bombers from Guam make their first strikes in Vietnam in support of allied ground operations. 1968 - Right-wing army officers overthrow Iraq govern-

·1973 - Afghanistan is proclaimed republic following palace coup which ends 40-year rule of King Mahammed Zhir Shah.

1975 - U.S. astronauts and Soviet cosmonauts in Apollo and Soyuz spacecraft link up while in orbit and join hands. 1988 - Police impose "shoot-on-sight" curfew in Hyderabad. Pakistan, after gunmen attack the mayor.

1990 - German Chancellor Helmut Kohl says all major obstacles to united Germany have been swept away and says elections for united German parliament will probably take place in December.



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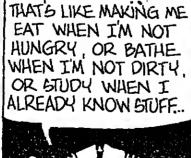


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...WAIT A



'Grandchild Test' May Indicate **Depression in Older Person**

BY DR. ALLAN BRUCKHEIM

QUESTION: My mother resides in a retirement home, and her doctor there has put her on a new medicine for depression. In his rapid explanation to me about the need for this medicine, he mentioned "Anne Hedona" or something like that. I took it as the name of a person. I know nothing about this woman, nor does my mother. Does this name have any significance to you, perbaps as a medical term? I am very confused, and trust you will help me.

ANSWER: It is easy to become confused, particularly when faced with unfamiliar medical terms offered in a sbort, hurried explanation. The name you beard is pretty close to the fact, but doesn't refer to a woman. It is "anhedonia," which translates to "absence of pleasure from the performance of acts that would ordinarily be pleasurable." That's a fine dictionary translation but it, too, could use some clarification.

Many physicians know that a lack of emotion about things that sbould be fun to do can be the first sign of the presence of depression. There is even a special sign, which I call the Sad Grandmother, that expresses this more clearly. When a grandparent reveals no joy at the mention or presence of his or her grandchildren, and when this depresents a change from previous behavior, it is clear indication of anhedonia, and the signal to an observant physician that depression may be present. No, the same attitude towards their own children doesn't count - that's a more common problem that has nothing to do with depression.

When anhedonia is present, it ilso offers an indication of a good

prognosis, for many antidepressive medications seem to work better in patients that have this condition. But be parient; antidepressants often take up to three weeks to become effective and exert a positive effect on a patient's mental state.

QUESTION: The diagnosis is finally clear after many attempts. All those chest pains were really the result of gallstones. Now I must get rid of them, but don't like the sound of gall bladder surgery. Do I have any other alternatives? There must be some other way. and I hope you will be able to tell me abont it.

ANSWER: Modern gall bladder surgery is not the frightening affair it used to be. Laparoscopic cholecystectomy (to use its medical name) is now almost always performed, instead of the older, open-abdomen operation. Employing a scope and requiring only a few small incisions, this technique uses a video monitor to guide the doctor. It is a much simpler operation, with a shorter time needed to recuperate.

However, if the gallstones are composed of cholesterol, without calcifications, and floating within a functioning gall bladder, they may be dissolved by a medication called ursodeoxycholic acid (or ursodiol) marketed in the United States under the brand name of Actigall. This treatment may be used in nonemergency patients who do not desire surgery, or who may be at high risk as a surgical patient. The medication can dissolve small stones (less than 20 millimeters in diameter) in from 30 to 80 percent of patients, but may take from six to 24 months to do so. About haif the stones recur when this therapy is disco-

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(Answers tomonomi HABIT DAILY TAMPER BOLERO LET Jumbles How the crying infant left the baby salest --RATTLED

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The genus Ranunculus is extensively represented in Greece. It includes almost 60 species, some of which are found growing in meadows and others in still or slow flowing waters. Flowers usually yellow or white and occasionally reddish. Petals 5 or more, sepals 3 to 5, small. The species illustrated is found growing in the Alpine zone among stones and pebbles. Leaves 3-5 lobed usually positioned near the base of the stem. Yellow flowers, solitary, at the end of the stems. Flowers May-July. W.M. -EP. -THE. -C.GR. -PEL. -CR.





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Some Birth Control Possibly Linked in HIV Susceptibility

VANCOUVER (AFP) - Dr. Arnaud Frintanet was looking for a group of women for his HIV research when he came across a stunning figure: six of 19 factory workers getting their birth control in shots carried the virus.

The Ethiopian women, who were studied as part of a project by the Ethiopian-Netherlands AIDS Research Project, were all receiving shots of Depo-Provera every three months.

Fontanet, who presented the case study at the 11th International Conference on AIDS, said that the women were in most other respects similar to their co-workers who used no contraception or took the pill.

They had no more partners, no more casual sex and no more other sexually transmitted diseases than their co-workers, said Fontanet. The study also ruled out dirty

) Housing

needles at the clinic as the source of the HIV.

A total of 6:5 percent of women at the factory who took the pill tested positive for the human immunodeficiency virus that causes AIDS while 7.8 perceot of women who used no birth control tested positive for the HIV virus.

But 31.6 percent of women getting the Depo-Provera carried the deadly virus, he said.

"Birth control is key to developing countries," cautiooed Fontanet. "The number is small hut I felt that we had to report it."

Fontanet's research turned up no reason for the difference but one avenue of investigation is that progesterone used in birth control products causes the vaginal walls to thin, facilitating the transmission of the virus that causes AIDS, or Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome.

High Level of HIV Found in Psychiatric Patients

LONDON (Reuter) - Spanish scientists called for more effective strategies to prevent the spread of HIV among psychiatric patients whom they said should he considered a high-risk group for the virus that causes AIDS.

Doctors at the Department of Psychiatry at San Carlos University Hospital in Madrid found a high level of HIV (Human Immunodeficieocy Virus) infectioo in psychiatric patients admitted between September 1993 and April 1994.

They tested blood samples of 390 patients for HIV-1 antibodies. All the patients were 18-59 years old and had been repeatedly admitted to the psychiatric unit.

"The prevalence of HIV was 5.1 percent. Patients aged betweeo 18 and 39 accounted for 63.4 percent of the admissions, and 75 perceot of the positive results, they said in a statement issued in London.

The doctors coocluded that psychiatric patients with ideotified risk factors should be tested for HIV hut routine testing of all such patients was not necessary.

Their findings were presented to more than 3,500 psychiatrists attending a five-day international conference organized by the Royal College of Psychiatry. The London meeting coincides with the 11th International AIDS Confereoce in Vancouver, Canada, which opened on Sunday. An estimated 21.8 million people around the world are living with

India to Seek Review of U.S. **Patent on Turmeric**

NEW DELHI, INDIA (AP) - India will ask the United States government to reconsider granting two scientists a patent to use turmeric for healing wounds, saying it has been practiced in the country

for centuries, an official said. The U.S. Patent and Trademarks Office in Washington granted a patent in March to two researchers at the University of Mississippi at Jackson, for applying turmeric powder to heal wounds, the official said.

"The use of turmeric to heal wounds has been known to Indians for thousands of years. There is nothing novel about this for the U.S. government to grant a patent," said D.G. Mashelkar, director-general of the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research.

the Indian government's science policy body.

The government will file a review application before the U.S. Pateni Office next week, Mashelkar said in an interview.

He said his office will provide scientific papers to show that the use of the spice for medical purposes had been documented many years ago.

"Anything that is prior knowledge or obvious cannot be patented. The patent does not meet this criteria." he said.

Turmeric, a dried root of a plant that is related to the ginger, is used as a flavoring agent by millions of Indians. It is also used extensively in the country to cure everything from sore throats to intestinal disorders.

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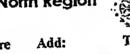
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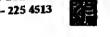


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The MSNBC cable channel goes live in 21 million U.S. households and on a related site on the world wide web.

Analysts are watching closely for what MSNBC signals about efforts hy Microsoft Corp.'s billionaire Chairman Bill Gates to transform his \$8 hillion technology company by integrating backwards into the conteot business.

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MSNBC will be the stiffest challenge in years to the dominance of Turner Broadcasting System Inc.'s 16-year-old Cable News Network, which has its own heavily trafficked Internet sites and a broadcasting stable led by CNN, beamed ioto 65 millioo homes in the United States alone.

The highpoint of MSNBC's first day will be Anchorman Tom Brokaw's interview with Clinton. CNN's Larry King will counter MSNBC's launch by hosting Clinton's Republican Presidential rival Bob Dole and bis wife, Elizabeth, "No one is taking this venture lightly," a CNN spokesman said.

"The uoique thing about MSNBC is it has a chance to become a leading hrand on the Internet," said Analyst Chris Dixon of Painewebber. "The only future Microsoft has on the Internet other than providing the normal operat-



ing systems and software that it does so well is to integrate backwards into the cootent husiness."

The cable venture will give the No. 1 broadcast network a leg up in a suddenly heated battle for the all-oews business, with Rupert Murdoch's News Corp Ltd. scheduled to enter the fray later this year.

But for Microsoft, the Interest is not so much television as news. seen as a crucial component of the emerging Internet world, in which

content is king.

"Having an all-news channel to feed a web site is pretty close to being essential if you're oot the New York Times or the Wall Street Journal," said Bill Bass of Forrester Research.

MSNBC is only one of several big online ventures for Microsoft, which already has nearly 1.5 million subscribers for its Microsoft network and has garnered generally positive reviews for Slate, its new electronic magazine.

While Microsoft and General Electric Co.'s NBC are equal partoers in the television and Internet venture, Bass thinks cash-rich Microsoft got the better end of the

"Microsoft is going to use NBC to build themselves up, to gain credibility and establish a news presence," Bass said. "At some point in the future, Microsoft, having bled them, is going to boot them."

At the very least there is a vast cultural gap between the buttondowned journalists in NBC's humming New Jersey newsroom and the more casually dressed webmasters ensconced on Microsoft's carefully groomed suburban campus near Seattle.

"The potential is certainly there for conflict," said Mark Mooradian of Jupiter Communications. "It's the entertainment world vs. the technology world, and all us have never gone swim-

Foot-and-Mouth Disease **Spreads in Eastern Europe**

BELGRADE (AFP) - An epidemic of foot-and-mouth disease in cattle which broke out in Albania in May is spreading across Eastern Europe, affecting Macedonia, southern Serbia and now Greece.

The European Union's veterinary committee, already embroiled with the ramifications of "mad cow disease," has temporarily banned the import of meat and milk products from those

European authorities have also dispatched half-a-million doses of vaccine and teams of vets to Albania and another 250,000 doses to Macedonia in a bid to check the spread of the highly-infectious disease.

More vets are due next week in the Serbian province of Kosovo, neighboring both countries, where a state of emergency was declared in four localities.

The risk of the disease is enhanced by the fact that cattle from both sides of the border mix freely in pasture.

Tanjug news agency reported Sunday that police and army units have been drafted in, and 125 animals have been slaughtered after an inspection of 75 percent of the villages affected.

Local people bave been urged to keep their movements to a minimum, while the transfer and sale of cattle have been forbidden.

Tanjug said in some cases owners were resisting slaughter despite compensation from the state. amid fears that the epidemic could take on a political dimension in Kosovo, as it has in Macedonia.

In both cases the villages affected are populated by ethnic Albanians whose aspirations towards independence are the target of the authorities in Belgrade and Skopje.

The head of Macedonia's Veterinary Institute, Mihalio Skoric, complained in a statement on national television that members of parliament of Albanian origin were demanding that infected cartle be spared.

In one village, Aracinovo, farmers had tried to smuggle sick beasts out of quarantined areas, he

The Macedonian authorities claim to bave brought the disease under control after the slaughter of some 3,000 came in a dozen sites of infection. A vaccination campaign is under way in an attempt to save as much of the remaining 176,000 head as possible.

There is no official estimate as yet of the damage suffered by the economies of the various countries, but the measures applied to limit the spread of the disease have caused long tailbacks at the border between Macedonia and Yugoslavia's component states of Serbia and Montenegro, with waits of up to 10 hours to cross.

In Greece, 30 cases of footand-mouth disease have been discovered in Evros, in the northeast of the country. Local authorities claimed the disease came from Turkey.

Agriculture Minister Apostolos Photiadis ordered the vaccination of some 7,000 animals in the region, following the slaughter of more than 2,000 cattle, sheep, goats and pigs last week.

In Albania, where the outbreak began in the Korca region, 200 kilometers (125 miles) southeast of Tirana, the Agriculture Ministry's head of Veterinary Services Anesti Roko said the situation was under control after the slaughter of 500 canle.

The director of Korca's Veterinary Institute, Benjamin Napushe. added that authorities were still on the alert. The vaccination of some 250,000 animals was under way, paid for by a grant of \$750,000 from the council of Europe.

The outbreak is the first in Albania for 36 years and in Macedonia for 20 years.

Atlanta Athletes Wear Shoes Their Makers Can Never Own

CIKANDE. INDONESIA (AFP) Saturday to the United States, nothing about the wages paid by - Stars at the Olympic games this month will be running in shoes that cost more to buy than the workers who make them can probably save in a year of labor.

Most employees in Indonesian shoe factories get a minimum daily wage of around 5,200 rupiah (\$2.20).

"I'm quite proud that Nike is known around the world, but I feel sad about the payment we workers receive," said Budi à 28-year-old worker from Surabaya, east Java.

Budi works at PT Nikomas, one of the largest sports shoe manufacturers in Southeast Asia, 90 percent owned by Taiwanese

Set between rice paddies on a dusty highway town 60 kilometers (37 miles) west of Jakarta, Nikomas employs 18,000 workers and churns out around 600,000 pairs of Nike athletic shoes and a local brand, Starmon, each month

Budi said conditions in the giant factories have improved over the last two years, but complained the daily meals were "not enough" and there was poor hygiene in many of the plants.

"There are 40 people who work in my assembly line and only three get paid more than the minimum wage," Budi said.

Budi said he can make up to 8,000 rupiah a day with overtime and allowances, but some months he could not save anything at all, with a small child and a wife to provide for.

"I deserve to be able to buy the shoes, but I can't because they are too expensive," said unemployed factory worker Cicih Sukaesih.

Sukaesih, 32, said she did not even have a suitcase for ber trip where she will travel to four cities to promote the rights of sian footwear workers.

"I hope to raise the issue of wages because up until now, many companies have not followed minimum wages set by the government," she said of the trip which will coincide with the Atlanta Olympic games.

Sukaesih has been jobless since she and 23 other workers were sacked from PT Sung Hwa Dunia (now PT Eltri Indofoot Wear) for leading a strike in 1992, accused by the plant's South Korean managers of belooging to a "securitydisturbing organizatioo."

The group is waiting for the supreme court's verdict oo the case. The company appealed twice agaiost the decisions of lower courts which ruled in the workers' favor.

Sukaesih said workers at PT Eltri were hired oo a daily basis with no permanent contracts.

"If they are sick, even if they have a medical certificate, the company cuts their pay for a day," she said. Women must be checked by a

factory nurse and present a letter to the management if they want the two days monthly menstrual leave to which they are legally entitled, Sukaesih said.

She said it was still commoo for child workers of 13 and 14 to forge papers to work in the hig shoe factories around Cikande.

Nike's director of communications for the Asia-Pacific, Dusty Kidd, said the company could do its sub-contractors. "I don't think we can set a wage level (in the factories) nor can we presume to tell a country what its minimum wage level should be," he told

"We don't want child workers ... but it's not an easy thing to do and we are not perfect at it. We can't clamp down on every worker," he said.

Nike conducts regular audits of its 12 sub-contracting factories in Indooesia through coosultants Ernst and Young, Kidd added.

He said the audits had only found two child workers. In one case by the time the hreach was uocovered and the audit completed, the girl was only a month or two short of her 15th birthday.

"It seemed only fair that she kept her job," said Kidd, rejecting the suggestion that Nike had not done enough to punish the factory.

A local recruitment ageocy owned by the military has also heen accused by two grass-roots lahor organizations of taking bribes of between 100,000 and 200.000 rupiah from each worker seeking a job at PT Eltri. Kidd said he had not heard of the allegation, but said any irregularities would be addressed in the next audit of the company, due in October.

In her sister's roadside snack stall Sukaesih said she was unsure if she was going to the Atlanta games as part of her speaking tour.

Who would want to invite me to the games?" she said, as buses loaded with home-bound shoe workers trundled past.

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BREST, FRANCE: The Dutch three-masted "Oosterschelde" (I) crosses the path of the Belgian sailing ship "Nausikaa" July 13 off Brest, during the first day of the assembly of old sailing

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Impact of Internationalization of Services on Developing Countries

CARLOS A. PRIMO BRAGA

The prospects for continuing internationalization of services through FDI are good. Demand for modern producer services is growing fast all over the world. Regulatory barriers to entry in service industries are being re-Educed, either through unilateral reforms or reciprocal negotiations. Developing countries increasingly are looking upon FD1 in services as an especially powerful means of transferring technical and managerial know-how. Moreover, IT is increasing the appeal of transnationalization for service firms.

Opportunities As service industries rely increasingly on IT, they tend to become more dependent on capital and human-capital inputs. This has led some analysts to suggest that developing countries cannot compete internationally in services and that policies to liberalize trade in services would be of limited interest to them. This view is mistaken. Developing countries are already carving out areas of comparative advantage in ITbased services, a process that will continue to evolve. Moreover, lib-

eralization is not only about expanding exports; even more important is its role in helping domestic producers gain access to more efficient and diversified services in world markets. Efficient producer services are

increasingly relevant to the pursuit of an outward-oriented stratdevelopment of "Ship-and-forget" trade is becoming a thing of the past. To compete internationally, dynamic exporters increasingly rely on reduced product-cycle times. prompt delivery, and improved customer services. As a result, the service content of final exports is increasing. In time-sensitive industries firms are either "quick" or "dead." Innovative service providers are enhancing transporation and communication systems, and developing an advanced services infrastructure. Availabilny of such infrastructure, in turn, is becoming a major criterion in the locational decisions of exporters. The newly industrializing economies in East Asia have been particularly successful in developing a modern infrastructure for producer services.

Long-distance services. There remains much scope for expansion in developing countries' traditional service export areas (c.g.,

tourism). A new area of special promise is long-distance services. Data entry was one of the first service activities to be internationally outsourced. This type of activity requires only a low level of computer literacy and limited interaction between the customer and the supplier. The customer mails paper-based data forms or sends scanned images of data forms electronically to the foreign provider for processing. The supplier sends the computerized data back via telecommunication lines or by mailing magnetic tapes. Countries in the Caribbean have been quite active in exploring the market for offshore data entry.

Software programming is another activity that is increasingly traded across borders, with subsidiaries or partners overseas entrusted with developing software that is transmitted electronically back to the parent or partner company. For example, many leading international computer and software companies have set up R&D and production operations in Bangalore, India. The Indian software industry, which is growing rapidly, generated revenues totaling more than \$500 million in 1993-94, two-thirds of which came from exports. It is estimated that India has captured roughly 12 percent of the international market for customized software.

"Back-office" service activities are also being traded internationally. For example, several U.S. insurance, tax-consulting, and accounting companies send claims and forms overseas for processing. In manufacturing, service activities such as product design, logistics management, R&D, and customer service are also being outsourced internation-

There are no precise estimates of the size of the market for longdistance services that can be captured by developing countries. The fact that a significant share of these transactions takes place at

the intrafirm level clouds the picture. However, rough estimates suggest that 1-5 percent of the employment in services in industrial countries may be internationally contestable by developing countries. The potential impact of the globalization of services in terms of job displacement in industrial countries does not seem very large. But, from the perspective of developing countries, the potential impact in terms of higher expons over the long term

is significant, possibly as large as their current total exports of commercial services. There are important niches in the market for long-distance services that can be successfully exploited by developing economies with a literate workforce and a modern teleconmunications system.

It is important to note that mar-

kets for these services are sensitive to technological change. Long-distance services in data entry, for example, are expected to continue to expand in the near future, reflecting the continuous fall in communication costs. Progress in optical recognition technology and the development of online services for credit card and check clearing, however, can significantly affect the need for data entry in the future. These services may lose some of their dynamism as hey are displaced by innovations in software and scanner technology in the industrial world. Nonetheless, the increasing number and diversity of information-intensive jobs, the technical feasibility of new longdistance services (e.g., in remote clerical support), and the dynamism of FD1 flows and of the global demand for software suggest that the overall market for long-distance services will contime to expand.

While creating possibilities for new exports, the internationalization of services is important also for developing countries as importers of services. Long-distance access to the "floating pool" of nonproprietary knowledge, for example, is being revolutionized by computer-mediated networks. such as the Internet Electronic bulletin boards are becoming more sophisticated and increasingly effective as instruments for the transference of knowledge and for technical assistance. They can now combine text, voice, and images, and their use may significantly alter the prospects for human capital accumulation in developing countries in the next

Capturing the opportunities

To capture the opportunities offered by the internationalization of services, developing countries will need to adapt their regulatory environments and develop supportive physical and human infrastructure.

Liberalization and regulatory reform. Liberalizing the import

regime for services is central to achieving increased efficiency and competitiveness in the provision of services. It allows businesses to import services that are not produced domestically or that are not available at a price and quality required for competitiveness Liberalization also fosters efficiency by increasing competitive pressures on domestic producers of services. Because of the nonstorability of many services. FDI is the major mode of international delivery of services, Lowering barriers to FDI therefore, is crucial. Increasing recognition by developing countries of the need for such reform is reflected in the liberalization packages encompassing the services sector that many of them have unilaterally initiated in recent years. Yet most service activities continue to facea more restrictive regulatory regime than do goods.

Border policies account for only some of the impediments to internationalization. Services are regulation-prone, and the domestic regulatory environment can create additional barriers to international competition (state monopolies in service industries, legal barriers to entry in economic activities, price controls). Domestic deregulation is often a necessary complement to the opening up of the foreign trade and investment regime. Also, differences in regulatory environments for service industries across countries may restrict access on a de facto basis (for example, different standards for accreditation of professionals). Accordingly, effective liberalization may also require harmonization of regulatory practices among major trading partners (e.g. as pursued in the context of the Single Market initiative in Europe).

Alongside unilateral liberalization of services, countries are pursuing liberalization through reciprocal negotiations. An important achievement of the Uniguay Round is the adoption of the General Agreement on Trade in Services (GATS), which extends multilateral rules and disciplines! to services. Several recent regional integration arrangements have also included liberalization of services.

The GATS covers four modes of international delivery of services: cross-border supply te.g.. transborder data flows, transportation services); commerical presence (e.g., provision of services abroad through FDI or repre-

sentative offices and branches); consumption abroad (e.g., tourism); and movement of personnel (e.g., entry and temporary stay of foreign consultants). It broadly follows the GATT (General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade) tradition, emphasizing nondiscrimination (most favored-nation (MFN) and national treatment) and prohibiting policy instruments that resemble quantitative restrictions. It innovates, however, in covening transactions associated with commercial presence (that is, establishment trade) and introducing a concept of market access that encompasses nonborder restrictions (e.g., limitations on the type of legal organization under which foreign providers can operate are, in principle, prohibited).

Unconditional MFN is a basic obligation of signatories, but MFN exemptions are allowed. The coverage of these exemptions is still being negotiated in areas such as basic telecommunications and maritime transport. They are time bound and should be eliminated through future negotiations. Market access and national treatment, in turn, are specific obligations under the GATS. They apply only to the service industries and activities specifically listed by the country in its schedule of commitments, at the level of each mode of supply and subject to the limitations made explicit in the offer. The GATS adopts a positive list approach with respect to sectoral coverage of service industries-that is, only the industries scheduled in the offers of the negotiating parties are subject to GATS discipline. This practice is less transparent than the negative list approach adopted, for example, io the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), in which all service industries are covered unless specifically exempted.

The complexity of the agreement (with offers made by service activity and mode of supply) renders it difficult to make a comprehensive evaluation of the economic value of the offers and their liberalizing impact. In terms of industry coverage, developing countries covered a smaller subset of service activities in their offers than industrial countries. Tourism and travel-related services were the only activities in which a substantial number of developing countries made commitments. Commitments in the area of communication services - an area of entical relevance for countries in-

terested in pursuing outward-onented strategies of development were quite limited. These commitments are mostly related to valueadded telecom services (e.g., data processing, electronic data interchange) but cover less than 20 percent, on average, of the service activities negotiated under this category.

The liberalization of trade in services actually achieved under the Uniguay Round seems rather limited at present. However, while the immediate liberalization may be limited, the agreement paves the way for future multilateral liberalization. The framework agreed provides for continued negotiations to be completed over a two-year period, and nothing constrains members from undertaking further unilateral liberalization. provided it is consistent with the multilateral disciplines established by the GATS.

Other supportive policies. The services revolution places a premium on the development of a competitive telecommunications system. Most developing countries are hard pressed to meet the demand for even basic telecommunication services, and investment in networks for value-added services may be considered an unaffordable luxury. However, technology now allows a country to develop a dual structure for telecommunication services, a country can invest in low-cost. dedicated networks for business needs in parallel with expanding the basic infrastructure. The private sector can play a leading role in this process, as it has in Chile. for example.

Providing access to modern, high-quality communication services is not enough. Countries can be at a competitive disadvantage in long-distance exports because of noncompetitive pricing of telecommunication services. (This has been the case for some Eastem Caribbean countries.) The use of alternative means of telecommunications (e.g., low-cost satellite stations) may be inhibited by monopolistic practices of the basie telecommunication providers. Establishing a competitive framework for the provision of teleconinunication services is therefore necessary.

Another important constraint faced by developing countries concerns the quality and relevance of the training of their work forces. In-house training can par-See page 13

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IRAN NEWS ART DESK collection of paintings by AArash Rezghi Barez and Ali Mir- Aghasi will be on display on Friday July 19 at the Zarrabi Art Gallery.

The Exhibition will run through Tuesday July 23 and visiting hour is 16-20 p.m.

Address: No 2/2 Movahhed Allay (After Farrokhi Yazdi), Gilan Street, Second Boostan, Pasdaran

Painting Exhibition at Andisheh Farhangsara

IRAN NEWS ART DESK collection of oil paintings hy AZahra Karimi and Katayun Aghashahi. will be on display on Saturday July 20 at Andisheh Farhangsara.

The Exhibition will run through Friday July 26 and visiting hours are 8-12 am and 15-19 p.m at Andisheh Farhangsara in Shariati Ave. Opposite Payam Cluh.

Revolutionary Museum in Egypt

CAIRO (AFP) - Egypt will set up a museum to former President Gamal Abdel Nasser and the other leaders of its 1952 revolution, Culture Minister Farug Hosni said, quoted by the press on Mon-

Hosni made the announcement during a visit Sunday to the neoclassical building which once housed the Revolutionary Command Council (RCC) that overthrew Egypt's last monarch King Faruq in 1952, the daily Al-Akhhar said.

The building will be turned into a museum "to the history of the July 1952 revolution and the presidents which followed it. Abdel Nasser, Anwar Al-Sadat and current President Hosni Muharak, Hosni said.

The exhibition will include a hall dedicated to cach president, including Abdel Nasser's office, and display "all their papers, including rare documents, manuscripts and accords signed by them," he said.

Diplomat's **Daughter Rocks** French Literary Scene

BRUSSELS, BELGIUM (AP) -At 28, Amelie Nothomb is the rising star of French writing. Her seriously weird novels sell like hot croissants, attracting a teenage cult following and lavish praise from the Parisian literary establishment.

Now the Belgian diplomat's daughter, who was born in Kobe. Japan, wants to "storm the citadel" of the English language. Her fourth novel, a dark blend of humor and menace called "Les Catalinaires" is set for publication next year by Henry Holt of New York under the working title "The Diatribe."

Like her three previous books. "Les Catalinaires" was a major success in France, selling more than 50,000 hardback copies since publication in September.

Nothomb burst onto the literary scene in 1992 with "Hygiene de L'Assassin," (Assassin's Hygiene) the sinister tale of Pretextat Tach, an ohesc, octogenarian writer with a murderous past. ··· - -__



First International Festival of Young Cinema

Over 1000 young artists will be evaluating their. own artistic output

IRAN NEWS ART DESK

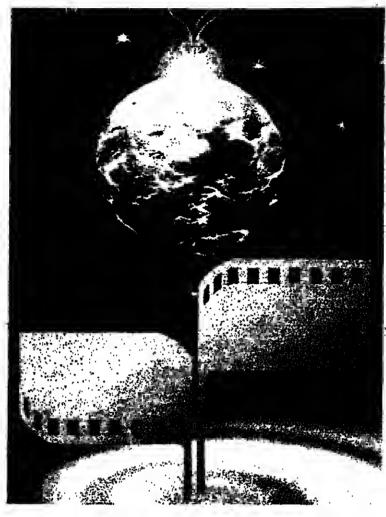
Young filmmakers, screen-writers and photographers from all over the country will be attending the Festival of the Young Cinema which opens on Wednesday July 17.

The opening ceremony will reportedly be attended by Hojjatoleslam Nateq-Noori, Majlis Speaker as well as a number of representatives and members of Tehran diplomatic corps, domestic and international artists.

The young film artists and photographers, who will be stationed at the Bahman Farhangsara for one week, will be evaluating and discussing the films and photographs entered at the competition sections of the Festival.

Organized by the Young Iranian Cinema Society of the Ministry of Culture and Islamic Guidance with the collaboration of the Bahman Farhangsara, the upcoming event is the 13th National Festival of Photograph, Film and Video which is being held on an international scale for the first

A total of 291 films, videos,



scripts and photographic images have been selected from among the 3900 submitted works and have been entered at the related competition sections.

In the Compelition section

of the local cinema have been entered 102 short documentary and narrative, animation as well as live-action films and videos plus 46 film scripts.

In the photo contest section 143

images from domestic artists will be vying for the coveted prizes.

The festival jury, including film director Kamal Tabrizi, the actor Jahangir Almasi, and filmmakers Majid Majidi, Mohammad Dormanesh and Mohammad Mehdi Asgarpoor, will award over 20 statuettes and diplomas of honor to the creators of superior artworks presented in the festival.

The sideshows of the festival will include the presentation of 34 short films by foreign filmmakers from Asia and Europe.

Also among the sidesbow will be the screening of a number of 100-second films which had been presented at the Festival of 100second pictures held earlier this

in related news, the deputy director of the Young Cinema Society Bureau in Kerman announced that four 8-mm films made by young artists in the Kerman province, including Rabat Sunset, The Camera, Under the Dome of the Heaven and Qawoot, have been entered at the competition section of the Festival of Young Cinema.

Other films accepted at the Festival from Kerman include 100second pictures The Forbidden Fruit, Life Is But a Dream and The Window of Imagination,

A considerable number of international media representatives are expected to attend the Festival of the Young Cinema which runs through July 23.

A number of prominent scholars and thinkers are scheduled to deliver speeches during the festival days.

The speakers include Ayatollah Mohammad Taqi Ja'fari, Taqavi, Hojjatoleslam Qaraeti, and Ayatollah Haeri Shirazi.

Truck Driver Puts Art on Highways

HIGASHI MATSUYAMA. JA-PAN (AP) - Misao Sekiguchi has never been particularly fond of galleries for displaying bis paintings. But he has always liked mucks.

In fact, for nearly 24 years he drove a truck for a living. Now, he uses them as rolling canvases for bis art.

"Arrists bave a way of getting caught up in their own little world." he said, stretching to put the finishing touches on his latest work - a four-ton truck covered with green dragons, snarling white-faced Kabuki actors and eerie demons.....

"Out on the highway, I figure my work has a very big audience.

Indeed it does. Since giving up his driving career five years ago, Sekiguchi has become something of a cult hero.

Truckers from around the country wait months - and pay tens of thousands of dollars - for him to embellish their vehicles. One of his trucks will be featured in "Super No Onna' (Supermarket Woman), the latest movie by director Juzo Itami.

.. Sekiguchi's studio in Higashi Matsuyama, a city northeast of Tokyo is cluttered with magazines carrying photos of his work and posters from the two dozen or so movies and videos that have used his trucks.

Outside, four of his favorite motorized masterpieces stand side by side, an explosion of color in the otherwise drab suburban surroundings.

The trucks all bear Sekiguchi's signature in red. He owns these four: they are his personal collec-

tion, his pride and joy. "I don't really need to adverrise," he said, delicately brushing some dust off a sparkling, chrome-plated bumper. "People

seem to just come to me." Sekiguchi, 46, says it takes two weeks to paint one large truck. which usually means doing two 3-meter-long (10-foot-long) sides and the narrower back panel. He does no initial outline, saying that by the time he starts he can alread see the completed design in his

mind. He tries to do a truck each month, and he also does paintings on truck doors that some drivers ship to him.

Sekiguchi's favorite motifs are uniquely Japanese - drawn mostly from the Kabuki theater, Japanese legends and traditional floral patterns. Most truckers leave it to him to decide what to paint, but he has accepted requests for northern Japan riverscapes and even the Statue of Liberty.

Nudes are out, though many truckers have asked.

"A lot of eccentric people commission my work," Sekiguchi said. "They are mostly young, people who want to stand out, and who want their trucks to be pieces of art."

Though Sekiguchi uses an air brush for his truck work, his home is filled with equally masterful hut decidedly smaller - works in oil, ink and watercolor.

"I'll paint just about anything," he said. "But I guess I like

Olmec Art of Ancient Mexico

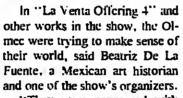
WASHINGTON (API - Eight centuries before the ancient Greeks completed the Parthenon honoring the Goddess Athena, a complex civilization sought to explain its own cosmos through sophisticated art that ranged from nearly 10-ton heads to tiny jade figurines.

In "Olmec Art of Ancient Mexico," the National Gallery of Art has mounted a stunning show that offers a long overdue glimpse at a little-known society that set the tone for the great Mayan and Aziec civilizations that would follow much later.

The artists of the Olmec culture, working 2,500 to 3,500 years ago in what is now Southern Mexico, created a body of work with craftsmanship and subtle depictions of the human form continue to impress in the 20th

"Perhaps the true magic of the Olmec lies in their ability to strike deep chords in people so distant from them in time, place and culture. anthropologist Richard Diehl of the University of Alabama writes in the introduction to the catalog accompanying the

At an exhibit preview, many were drawn to "La Venta Offering 4," a group of 16 jade and serpentine human figures gathered in from of six slabs in what appears to be a ritual. Discovered in 1955 at La Venta in the state of Tabaseo, the figures engaging in some long-furgorien ceremony hring to mind images of Stonehenge and Easter Island.



"They were concerned with

depicting the perfect harmony of their whole creation." De La Fuente said in an interview. "They are not to be seen as primitives, but as a sophisticated civili-

zation." The Olmec artists' attention to



The 9-ton Colossal Head 8

the human form is particularly impressive in a ceramic carving of a 'Seated Figure with Head Resting on Hand" and in several jade masks. These are not totemlike images but depictions of real people that convey a sense of move-. ment and emotion. "The human image is of fore-

most importance in Olmec art." said Peter David Joralemon, a New York-based archaeologist and one of the show's organizers. Noting that the Olmecs-could create both colossal beads and ex-

quisite figurines. Joralemon saidthat the ancient culture could create high-quality work in any size. Other works in the 120-object show include vessels and objects.

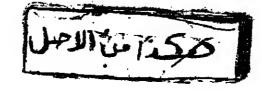
used in everyday life and carvings depicting the supernatural world. A "Standing Anthropomorphic Jaguar" is a basalt carving of a shaman turning into a jaguar. He looks ready to pounce. And of course there are the

massive heads, including the 9 -ton "Colossal Head 8." the heaviest object ever displayed at the National Gallery, and another six-ton head that De La Fuente calls the most harmoniously proportioned of them all.

The show, the first comprehensive exhibit of Olmec art, is a collaboration among Mexican and U.S. scholars, agencies of the two national governments and Mexican and U.S. corporations.

Mexican scholars at the show's preview spoke with particular pride about the exhibit's scope.

"The discovery (of the Olmec See page 13



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From a position about 800 vards (730 meters) away, the government troops had been bombarding the rebel fighters with an 82 mm mortar.

"They're very bad shots. They shoot like this every day without ever scaring our people, only the chickens hide every time they hear those toys rumbling," 16-year-old Cristiano told reporters visiting a battle zone in Angola's rebellious Cabinda province.

The cocky youngster cut a ajaunty pose in his ragged uniform of a faded red T-shirt, worn pants and a pair of running shoes that be bragged had been taken from a dead government soldier.

It was his last joke. Boniface Tchicaya, chief of operations for the guerrillas, later told journalists that Cristiano and an-

other teen died the next morning in

a clash with government forces outside Cuto, a village of about 500 people.

Cabinda's war is little known in the rest of the world, but the struggle over the 3,370-square-kilometer (1,300-square-mile) sliver of oil-rich land in Central Africa is consuming its children.

Children have been enlisted in their elders' battles across Africa. from Sierra Leone to Mozambique and perhaps most notably in Liberia, where an estimated 30 percent of the 60,000 combatants are younger than 17.

No one really knows how many child-soldiers in Cabinda end up like Cristiano every day. Rebel leaders will not confirm they send children into battle, although they admit youngsters receive military training.

"We have no plans to enlist. them in the army at these ages. We just teach them how to handle weapons. Once they are old enough, they are free to join the army," said Iziais Mayo, minister of education and youth in a shadow government set up by the rebels.

Rich in natural resources, Cabinda is separated from Angola by a finger of Zairian territory, and many people in the province do not consider themselves a part of An-

The Cabinda enclave Liberation Front-armed forces of Cabinda, known as Flec-Fac, has been fighting since 1975 for independence for the region, which is home to 120,000 people.

The rebels complain that people in Cabinda live in miserable poverty, while the Angolan government strips the region of its riches - diamonds, manganese, timber and most importantly oil.

Cabinda produces more oil than any other region in sub-Saharan Africa except Nigeria, and Angola receives more than \$3 billion each year for its share of pumping operations run by U.S.-based Gulf

"Our territory is completely undeveloped, with no roads, no cities," Mayo said.

Until a year ago, the government was using the bulk of its oil revenues to fund its fight against a far more dangerous threat - the Unita Rebel Movement, a guerrilla army which until two years ago held nearly two-thirds of the coun-

The government ran up huge costs to massively re-arm and rebuild its army, including hiring elite and very expensive South African mercenaries. The costly struggle ended last year with Unita in defeat, but with the government nearly penniless and unable to bankroll the cost of rebuilding a devastated land where more than 500,000 people died during 20 years of war.

With Unita's 50,000 guerrillas largely demobilized, the government has been able to turn its military might against the smaller. poorly-armed Cabinda separatists.

Flec-Fac has about 600 poorly trained fighters who are armed mainly with weapons taken from slain government troops. Another pro-independence group that split from Flec-Fac in 1985 has about 300 guerrillas.

They face a government army

of 20,000 soldiers, who control about 90 percent of the territory. The guerrillas hold the northeastern corner along the border with Zaire and Congo, but are able to circulate throughout the prov-

The guerrillas have bases in Zaire and also get support from Cabindans who live on the Congo's side of the border. Both the Zairian and Congolese governments publicly call for a peaceful solution to the Cabinda war, but they turn a blind eye to the rebel

Beatrice Batchi, a banana vendor, believes no sacrifice is too great for Cabinda's independence. She turns half her profits over to the rebels. Her 9-year-old daughter delivers food and water to fighters in the bush, and her 13-year-old son is learning to handle weapons in hopes of enlisting in the rebel

Batchi said she knows her children could be killed working for

"Many of my friends have already lost their children," she said.

"What is there to say? it is part of the price of freedom."

Even frail-looking little girls do their part, taking the rebels parcels of food, ammunition or the marijuana cigarettes that are believed to give fighters courage.

"At school and at home, they teach us about the injustice we live under, and that each of us must sacrifice to deliver our country from Angolan domination," said Nene Bealti, an 11-year-old who moves agilely over Cabinda's rough terrain carrying loads balanced on her head for kilometer after kilometer (mile after mile).

The child soldiers are often used as "guard dogs," posted outside villages while older fighters spend the nights in cozy huts.

In Cabinda, as in the other African conflicts, the children are easily lured into battle with promises of power and financial security they could not attain as civilians.

Guerrilla Antoine Sita says he was 11 when he shot his first man. At 21, killing is all he knows.

"I get no joy out of it," he said. "I kill to survive, and to liberate my **Election Race Delayed as West**

Have Gun, Will Legislate: India's **Political Jungle**

NARASIMHA '

Police filed an attempted mur-

the very day people voicu in his

der charge, but he was never ar-

rested. They also charged him

with firing guns at a police patrol

against me. If they do arrest me,

the people of my district will rise

in revolt, "Sahibuddin, 30, said in

filed against Sahibuddin since he

entered politics as a student in

1985 and later served as a state

lawmaker, seven have been dis-

missed, but 16 are still outstand-

ing. He was jailed only once, in

politicians, Sahibuddin's political

clout in Bihar and now at the na-

tional level has isolated him from

aggressive prosecution. Police

often are reluctant to arrest politi-

to step in, ordering law enforce-

ment agencies to stop dragging

their feet on politically sensitive

degradation and corruption when

the only way of preserving order

is to govern the country through

the Apex (supreme) Court," said

Nani Palkhivala, a noted lawyer

and former Indian ambassador in

But there are so many cases,

Among the major cases that

-The Bofors scandal in which

Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi's

government was accused of ac-

cepting \$50 million in bribes from

a Swedish arms manufacturer in

have not yet been taken to trial:

the United States.

that won't be easy.

the 1980s.

"We have reached a degree of

cases and bring them to trial.

The Supreme Court has begun

eians or to appear in court.

As in other cases involving

1990, for two months.

Twenty-three cases have been

*Police will find little evidence

district in Bihar state.

on election day.

an interview.

NEW DELHI, INDIA (AP) - Mohammad Sahibuddin has been called a murderer, rapist and extortionist. Now he can add legislator to the list.

Having beaten every rap filed against him, Sahibuddin is a newly elected member of the law-making Lower House of Parliament. He's no longer running from the law, he's helping draft it.

Sahibuddin, whose penchant for guns earned him the nickname "AK-47," is an extreme, but not lone, example of the goings-on these days in Indian politics. Corruption was one issue that

contributed to the defeat of the long-ruling Congress Party in the may national elections. But the www center-left governing coalition that vowed to end corruption and criminal links to politics has fared little better.

Just six weeks old, the government already has lost one casualty to criminal charges.

Mohammed Taslimuddin, a junior minister for home affairs. resigned Thursday when a newspaper disclosed he has eight criminal cases pending against him dating back to the 1980s, includ-Ag kidnapping and robbery charges. Taslimuddin denied guilt, saying the charges came from bis political enemies.

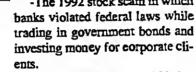
Former Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao, who governed from 1991 until this year, also has been summoned to court to answer accusations that he helped a Hindu holy man defraud a businessman of \$100,000 in 1983 when Rao

was foreign minister. Police and criminal intelligence agencies have long charged hat crime syndicates were penetrating the political system. A report to Parliament last year said gangsters were commonly "able to operate with intounity" because of political connections.

The report cited evidence that Criminalization cut across party lines, especially in local politics. where gang leaders have won elected positions.

Sahibuddin allegedly is one of

During the elections in May, he was accused of murdering three activists from a Marxist Party on



-The Hawala case of 1988 that led to charges that 48 senior politicians and bureaucrats took bribes financed by illegal foreign currency deals.

officials were charged with taking bribes from government employees to get apartments.

mer prime minister, of authorizing payments of \$857,000 to opposition legislators for votes that helped him survive a no-confidence vote in 1993.

fertilizer that never arrived.

-The 1992 stock scam in which

-A housing scandal in which 10

-A case accusing Rao, the for-

-A scandal in which Rao's son, P.V. Prabhakar Rao, is among those suspected of accepting bribes from a Turkish company awarded a \$40 million contract for

Targets Karadzic SARAJEVO (Reuter) - Electoral officials delayed the official start of campaigning for Bosnia's elections on Monday by four days to 19 July while Western powers intensify efforts to force Bosnian Serb

The Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE), which is arranging the country's first postwar poll due on 14 September, said it wanted more time to ensure all political parties were heeding voting rules.

leader Radovan Karadzic from

U.S. diplomat Robert Frowick, head of OSCE's Bosnia office, "decided to postpone the official start of the election campaign until 19 July when the provisional election commission will meet to ascertain that all parties are in

Muslim, Serb and Croat parties in the election must observe rules sel down by the 1095 Dayton Peace Treaty, an electoral code of conduct as well as certain commission regulations.

The OSCE did not elaborate on reasons for the delay. But the decision has coincided with a heightened international drive to end the political career of Karadzic, whose Serb Democratic Party (SDS) rules one half of Bosnia.

As an indicted war criminal, Karadzic may not hold public of fice or take part in elections under provisions set by the Dayton accords to foster the reintegration of Bosnia's ethnic sectors.

France said on Sunday it would ask the U.N. Security Council to authorize NATO peacekeeping tional Criminal Tribunal on former Yugoslavia, above all Karadzic.

The Dayton Treaty did not give the NATO force specific powers to hunt down indictees. At present, NATO commanders say they will arrest war criminals if they are spotted during routine patrols, but will not search for them.

France is one of five permanent members of the Security Council along with the United States, Britain, Russia and China. All but China have large contingents in the Bosnia Peace Implementation Force (IFOR).

Former U.S. Assistant Secretary of State Richard Holbrooke. principal architect of the Dayton deal, was due in the region on Monday to press for the removal of Karadzic and Serb Army Chief General Ratko Mladic, also indicted for war crimes.

Holbrooke will meet first with President Slobodan Milosevic of Serbia, ultimate power broker among Serbs in former Yugoslavia who signed the Dayton Treaty over Karadzic's head.

Over the weekend Bosnia's central government hinted at a possible boycott of the elections if Karadzic and Mladic did not bow out. Both have been charged with masterminding wartime massacres and expulsions of Muslims, "France is the first to realize that we need urgent action and we welcome it," Mirza Hajric, foreign policy adviser to Bosnian President Alija Izetbegovic, said on Monday.

"We're glad that France has decided something must be done, that waiting around (for Karadzic and Mladic to heed calls to quit) is not good enough," Hajric told Reuters.

"All the effort being put into implementing Dayton, including the elections, is in doubt because of the presence of Karadzic and Mladic. The Dayton process cannot be consummated as long as they are around."

OSCE efforts to organize free elections are complicated not just by scores of indicted war criminals at large, most of them in Serb and Croat-held parts of Bosnia.

forces in Bosnia to pursue and arcompliance," an OSCE spokesman rest people indicted by the Interna-**East Timor Remains a Thorn**

JAKARTA (Reuter) - East Timor remains a thorn in Indonesia's international relations with little relief in sight two decades after Jakarta annexed the tiny terri-

Indonesian troops invaded the eastern half of Timor island in 1975 after the Portuguese colonial rulers of four centuries pulled out. Jakaria officially annexed East Timor as Indonesia's 27th province on 17 July, 1976.

Diplomats, political analysts and local residents say two decades of Indonesian rule, mainly through the armed forces, has failed to win the hearts and minds of many of the 800,000 east Timorese despite major development efforts by Jakarta.

"I think the government has reatly completely failed to get legitimacy for its rule for the last 20 years in East Timor." Florentino Sarmento, head of ETADAP, an organization promoting farmers' welfare, told. Reuters from the East Timor capital Dili.

Indonesia invaded East Timor with the tacit agreement of Westem powers, ostensibly to halt civil strife and prevent a left-wing takeover of the territory by the Revolutionary Front for the Independence of East Timor (Fretilin).

The United Nations has never recognized the annexation and still regards Portugal as the administering power.

Diplomats say Jakarta finds Portugal's claims of buman rights abuses in East Timor deeply frustrating, given that Lisboo basically neglected the colony throughout its rule.

Thousands of people were reported to have died during the army takeover in 1975-76. The territory was back in the beadlines in 1991 when some 50 unarmed people were gunned down by soldiers during a funeral march in

It was after the Dili deaths that Portugal really got involved. Some Western diplomats suggest Lisbon has sought to assuage its guilt complex over its colonial record and the way in which its officials fled East Timor in

A meeting between Portuguese Prime Minister Antonio Guierres and Indonesian Foreign Minister

for Indonesia Ali Alatas at an Asia-Europe summit in Bangkok last March bas failed to break the impasse.

> Guterres said Lisbon was prepared to restore partial diplomatic relations if Jakarta freed imprisoned East Timorese resistance leader Jose Xanana Gusmao and guarantee buman rights in the ter-

Diplomats say there is no chance that Indooesia will abandon the territory. Its nearest neighbor, Australia, for example, has accepted Indonesia's sovereignty over East Timor in fact and law while condemning its human rights record.

Indonesia's Foreign Ministry spokesman Ghaffar Fadyl told Reuters that all along "it has been our sincere effort to resolve the issue of East Timor".

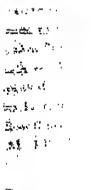
While the International Community might talk of self-determination for the East Timorese, Jakarta's position is that this was settled in 1976 when it said local chieftains sought incorporation of the territory into Indonesia.

Indonesia is participating in tripartite talks with Portugal and the See page 13



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Dunlap Gets Her Teeth Into Olympics

ATLANTA (AFP) - After seeing her front teeth splattered across the road and then suffering a head injury that left her with six-month headache, U.S. cyclist Alison Dunlap is finally ready for the Olympics.

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Dunlap lost her teeth in a race in 1994, riding later the same day with the help of moral support and novocaine, and then suffered second degree concussion after soaring head first over the handlebars in 1995.

But the 26-year-old American is convinced the two events have made her a stronger athlete, strong enough to challenge for the Olympic title.

"I kissed the pavement and tore out my three front teeth," she recalls. "My face was bloody and I kept spitting out tooth parts. I had a lot of road rash, and my lips and my cheek swelled up.

It took many weeks of surgery to repair the damage, but the hardest part was not smiling.

When you lose your smile it's the worst thing in the world," she said. "I didn't like smiling because 1 felt 1'd look like a hick. And 1 had to chew all my food on one side."

If the race in Idaho was bad, there was worse to come. In April rider's water bottle bounced up and lodged hetween her front

wheel and the frame. Dunlap hit the tarmac above her right eye, but below the rim of her helmet, meaning her head took the full brunt. Though there was no serious injury, the daily headaches did not leave her until September of that year.

However, she is convinced that the latest setback was a source of motivation for 1996.

"Missing that season made me feel cheated, and people started saying that I wasn't going to make it anymore," she said. "But it made me want to really try to get hack and prove to everybody that I deserved to be in the Olympics.

ATLANTA (AFP) - Triple world

record-holder Kieren Perkins has

bounced hack from his disastrous

Australian trials performance and

set his sights firmly on a second

straight 1500m freestyle Olympic

"There were a lot of factors that

led up to what happened at the

trials," said Perkins, who failed to

qualify for the 400m free, one of

Hawks Land Mutombo

ATLANTA (AP) - Dikembe Mutombo became the latest premier player to cash in oo the free agent market, signing a contract with the Atlanta Hawks believed to be worth at least \$50 million for five years.

The 7-foot-2 (2.18-meter) center from Zaire, who has led the League in blocked shots the past three seasons, played the first five years of his career with the Denver Nuggets.

"It was time for me to move on with my life," Mutombo told a news conference.

Mutombo's agent, David Falk, reportedly was asking for \$12 million to \$14 million in average annual salary. The Hawks are said to he offering close to \$10 million

day, has been treated for an iron

deficiency, and two weeks after the

trials he was diagnosed with a visus

that may also have contributed to

his poor times. But his health

you came it," Perkins said of his

the trials was almost identical to

the time he swam at the Sydney

"Stroke, motivation, training,

His time of 15mins 8.74sec at

wasn't the only problem.

troubles.

Perkins' Olympic Hopes Perks Up

In another move, the Hawks traded swingman Stacey Augmon and forward Grant Long to the Detroit Pistons for two first-round and two second-round draft picks.

Long, 6-9 (2.06 meters), averaged 13.1 points and a career-high 9.6 rebounds last season. Augmon, 6-8 (2.03 meters), averaged 12.7 points and 3.9 rebounds.

Mutombo, a three-time all-star. finished third in the NBA in rebounding this year, pulling down 11.8 per game. He has averaged 12.9 points, 12.3 rebounds and 3.8 hlocks a game over his career.

Mutombo joins a team that went 46-36 last season and lost to Orlando in five games in the second round of the playoffs.

"For the 7 years that I've been here, we've been working to bring in a legitimate center," Hawks general manager Pete Babcock said. "It's an opportunity to hring in an outstanding shot blocker and rehounder."

"So we think this is really a cornerstone for us, doing some things for the future to try to take that next step."

The deals left the Hawks without an experienced small forward. "We will be making more moves when we sign a contract,"

Hawks president Stan Kasten said.

Olympic Games Program

Monday July 29 Archery (Stone Mountain Park) Women's individual 1st rd: 9h-12h20; 2nd rd: 14h-17h20 Athletics (Olympic Stadium)

Men's discus qualifying Group A (9h30), 1500m 1strd (10h45), man liscus qualifying Group A (11h), 400m hurdles 1st rd (11h45) Women's 10km walk (8h30), 100m hurdles 1st rd (9h45), triple jump; qualifiers (10h30) afternoon:

Men's 110m hurdles semi-finals (18h20), 800m semi-finals (18h50), long jump; final (19h10), 400m final (19h55), 110m hurdles final (20h15), 3,000m steeplechase 1st rd (20h35), 10,000m final (22h) Women's 100m hurdles 2nd rd (17h45), discus final (18h45), 800m

final (19h15), 400m final (19h35), 400m hurdles semi-final (21h30) Badminton (Georgia State University) 9h-12h15 mixed doubles quarter-finals; women's doubles semi-finals 20h-23h45 Women's doubles semi-finals; men's doubles quarter-finals

Baseball (Atlanta Fulton County Stadium) Italy v Netherlands (10h); Coba v Nicaragua (15h) Japan v South Korea (20h)

Basketball Women's Group A Russia v China (12h); Italy v Brazil (17h) Georgia

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Dome; Canada v Japan (20h) Moorhouse College Group B Ukraine v Australia (10h); South Korea v U.S.A. (15h)

Georgia dome; Cuba v zaire (22h) Moorhouse College Diving (Georgia Tech Aquatic Center)

Men's springboard: semi-finals: 41h30-13h; finals: 22h-23h30 Equestrian (Georgia International Horse Park) lodividual jumping qualifier 8h30-13h

Gymnastics (Georgia Dome); apparatus finals: 20h30-23h10

Men's vault, parallel bars, horizontal b Women's beam, floor exercises

Handball (Georgia World Congress Center) men's Group A Knwait v Sweden (12h); Croatia v Russia (16h30); U.S.A. v Switzerland (21h) Group B France v Egypt (10h); Algeria v Germany (14h30); Brazil v Spain (19h)

Hockey Men's Group B (Clark Atlanta University)

Great Britain v Australia (9h); Malaysia v Korea (17h30); Netherlands South Africa (20h) Softball (Golden Park) Semi-finals: 18h30

Table Tenois (Georgia World Congress Center) Women's doubles bronze and gold medal matches (13h-15h)

Women's singles quarter-finals (19h) Men's doubles semi-finals (21h)

Handball (Georgia World Congress Center)

Women's Group A China v Denmark (11h45), U.S.A. v Hungary (14h30)

Group B Angola v South Korea (10h), Germany v Norway (16h15)

Men's Group A (Clark Atlanta University) Pakistan v Argentina 9h; Germany v U.S.A. 17h30; Spain v India 20h

Women's round-rohin (Morris Brown College) Germany v Great Britain (9h); Australia v U.S.A.(11h) Spain v

Netherlands (17h30); Argentina v South Korea (20h) Rowing (Lake Lanier) Men's A and B finals (9h-12h10) Lightweight double sculls;

lightweight coxless fours; quad sculls; eights

Women's A and B finals (9h-12h10); lightweight double sculls; quad sculls; eights

Tennis (Stone Mountain Park) Women's singles quarter-finals; men's doubles quarter-finals

(11h-19h). Volleyball Men's team preliminaries 10h-14h30 and 19h30-24h

Men's Pool A Poland v Argentina (10h); U.S.A. v Bulgaria (19h30); Cuba v Brazil (22h); all Omni Coliscum

Pool B Italy v Yugoslavia (12h30) Omni Coliscum; Tunisia v Russia

Netherlands v South Korea (18h30) both University of Georgia

Weightlifting (Georgia World Congress Center) 108kg Group B: 12h30-14h30, Group A: 16h-18h Yachting (Savannah) 13h-18h

Laser and women's Europe, two races each Star and men's Finn, 11th and final race

Invitational earlier in the year in his world record events. the midst of full training. Perkins, who turned 23 on Sun-1995, she crashed after another

MURRAYFIELD, SCOTLAND (AP) - The Scottish Rugby Unioo Monday welcomed further discussions to resolve the Five Nations crisis, while former England Captain Will Carling warned that English rugby can't survive without the prestigious tournament.

'English rugby cannot survive, doo't believe, without the five

nations," Carling told BBC Radio

Monday. "It has been the founda-

tion for the northern hemisphere

for years and years and it should

ion president Bernard Lapasset

said he doubted the viability of the

tournament if only four nations

Meanwhile, French Rugby Uo-

stay that way."

gold.

"This is the ultimate bluff by the Five Nations Committee," Lapasset told the Daily Mail. "The door is still open but only just, 1 think England will reconsider and there will be a compromise."

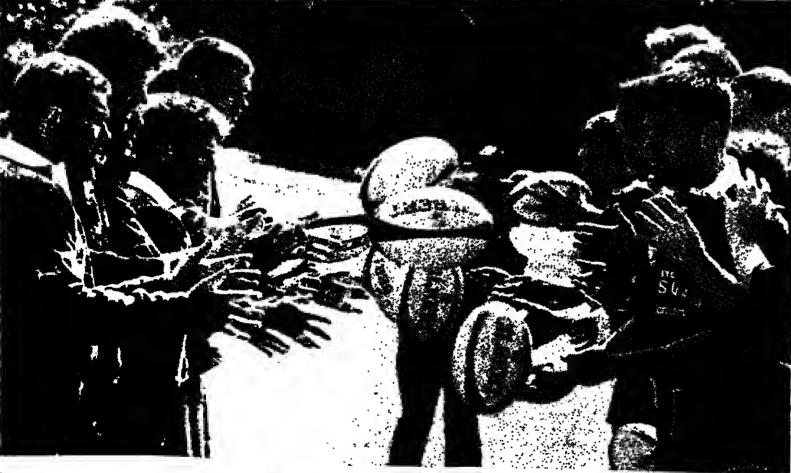
Lapasset said France would play at least one match against England this winter even if Eng-

Scottish Rugby Union official Alan Hosie, one of two Scottish representatives on the Five Nations committee - welcomed the English rugby union's calls over the weekend for urgent talks, but said England was still excluded from plans for an alternative competition this winter.

"Let me emphasize that Eng-

130.25 millioo deal with Sky TV "within a matter of days, rather than weeks" if England was to be included in the championship.

He said all the participating nations were disappointed with the outcome of England's exclusion, but that a competitive, meaningful and attractive championship



Daily exercise for the Scottish rugby team

land remained excluded from the Five Nations championship.

"There will continue to be one match a year between France and England,' Lapasset is quoted in the Daily Mail. "It is very important that the best two rugby nations in Europe keep playing each other

land is now excluded from the championship, and that Scotland and the other home unions (Wales and Ireland), with the support of France, are now going ahead with our plans for an alternative championship, without England," he said.

Hosic said the RFU must alter its stance on its controversial \$ would continue without it.

"Quite simply, international rugby can continue without England, and until such time as the RFU is prepared to negotiate all matters relating to the Five Nations Championship through the Five Nations Committee, we must make our alternative plans accordingly," Hosie said.

